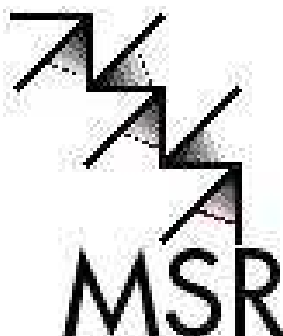




# MSR-MEDOC

## Element and Attribute Documentation

MSRREP V2.2.2 (multi language)



MSR-MEDOC, Herbert Klein, XI-Works



## Abstract

This document describes MSRREP-222 ML DTD. It is intended to serve as a DTD reference and a global description of semantics.



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## Introduction

Organization **MSR-MEDOC [msrmedoc]**

Name Roles	Departement	Address	Contact
Herbert Klein	XI-Works		

Version Information

Document Part	Editor			
	Company	Version	State	Remarks
1 WD 2005-06-25 <a href="#">For details refer to nr. 1, Page 212</a>	Herbert Klein			



# 1 Standard Attributes

## Description

These attribute are so called Standard Attributes since they occur on every element within the DTD. They will only be described here to save document space.

## Formal Description

Name	Type	Values / Default	Notes
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		Signature under which the calculated signature belonging to the contents of an element, can be stored, e.g. CRC.
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		Description of the semantic meaning of an element.
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		Time stamp specification
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		Arbitrary term for realization of a conceptual view. In this way, text components can be inserted or masked out in editor, or when a document is generated.

## 2 Elemente der MSRREP DTD

### 2.1 ABS

#### Beschreibung

Use **<ABS>** to enter the absolute values of a parameter in a parameter table.

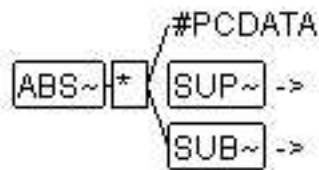
#### Beispiel

```
<ABS>5</ABS>
```

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



ABS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

### 2.2 ABSTRACT

#### Beschreibung

You can use **<ABSTRACT>** to give a short summary on the document which is formatted in the first pages of the document.

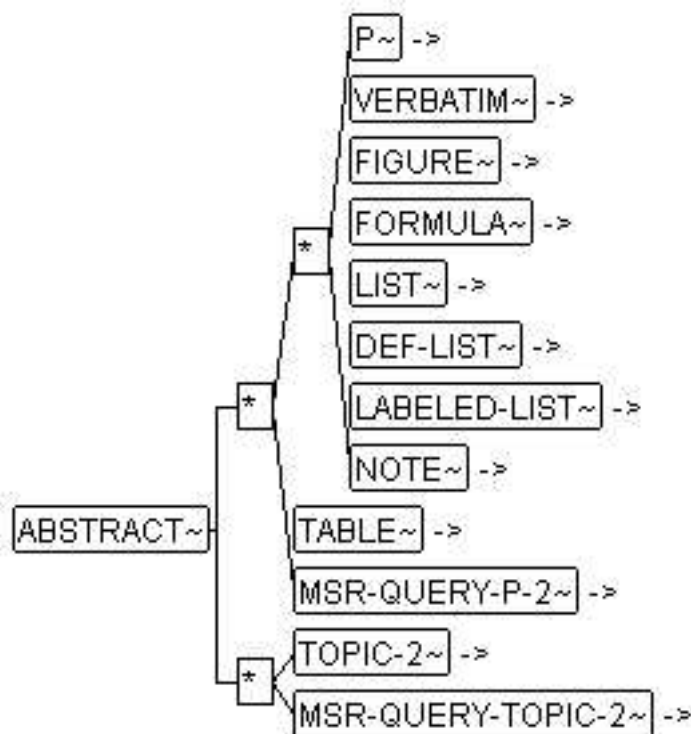
#### Beispiel

```
<ABSTRACT>
  <P>This document describes MSRREP-222 DTD. It is intended to serve
    as a DTD reference and a global description of semantics.</P>
</ABSTRACT>
```

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-HEAD](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABLED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-2](#), [TOPIC-2](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.3 ADD-INFO-5

### Beschreibung

<ADD-INFO-5> has the same purpose as the <ADD-INFO> element and gives the opportunity to provide *additional information* to a structure in the form of continuous text. The only difference is that <ADD-INFO-5> has a limited set of elements. The information can only be entered in one level since no subchapters or topics are available.

### Beispiel

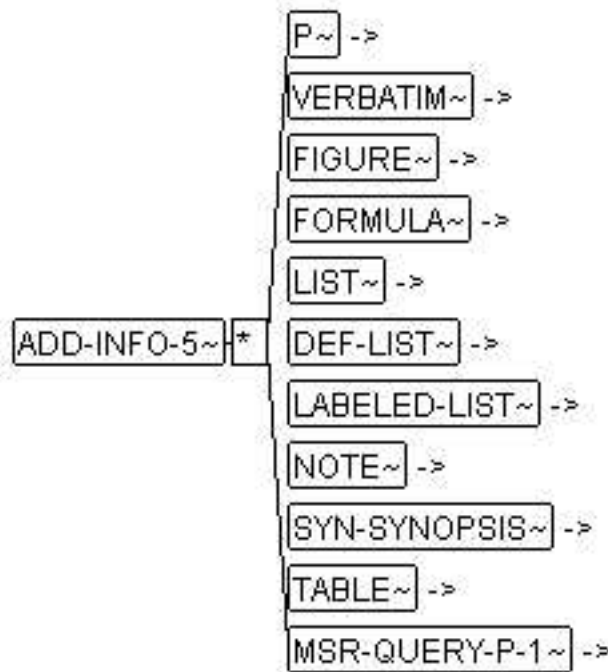
This sample show how some information has been added to describe a Service Argument.

```
<SW-SERVICE-ARG>
  <LONG-NAME>Temp Input Value</LONG-NAME>
  <SHORT-NAME>gTemp</SHORT-NAME>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <SW-BASE-TYPE-REF>real32</SW-BASE-TYPE-REF>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <ADD-INFO-5>
    <P>It might seem unnecessary to take the gTemp into account, but....</P>
  </ADD-INFO-5>
</SW-SERVICE-ARG>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-ARGUMENT](#), [SYN-EXAMPLE](#), [SYN-RETURN-VALUE](#), [SYN-SEMANTICS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABLED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#), [TABLE](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#)



ADD-INFO-5.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.4 ADDRESS

### Beschreibung

Use **<ADDRESS>** , to enter the street name of the company address, e.g. where a project participant is located. One line can be entered since all carriage returns typically are ignored.

### Beispiel

```
<ADDRESS>Quilt Steet 43</ADDRESS>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**ADDRESS~** — #PCDATA

ADDRESS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.5 ADMIN-DATA

### Beschreibung

**<ADMIN-DATA>** can be used to set administrative information for an element. This administration information is to be treated as metadata such as revision id or state of the file. There are basically four kinds of metadata

- The language and/or used languages.
- Revision information covering e.g. revision number, state, release date, changes. Note that this information can be given in general as well as related to a particular company.
- Document metadata specific for a company
- Formatting controls that can affect layouts for example.
- Revision information for the element.

### Beispiel

This sample shows how the language and some revision information has been defined for an element.

```
<ADMIN-DATA>  
<LANGUAGE>en</LANGUAGE>
```

```

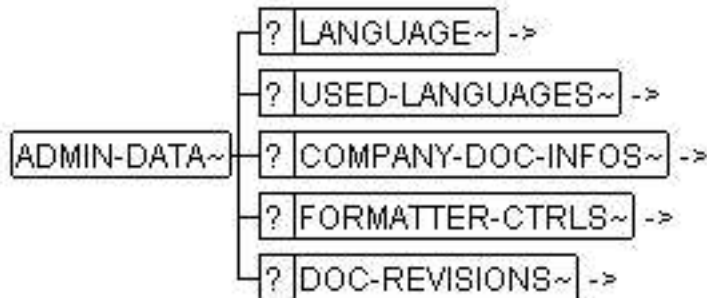
<DOC-REVISIONS>
  <DOC-REVISION>
    <REVISION-LABEL>2</REVISION-LABEL>
    <STATE>review-candidate</STATE>
    <TEAM-MEMBER-REF ID-REF="w1">W1</TEAM-MEMBER-REF>
    <DATE>15.8.2001</DATE>
    <MODIFICATIONS>
      <MODIFICATION>
        <CHANGE>fixed typos</CHANGE>
        <REASON>typos were found in the internal review</REASON>
      </MODIFICATION>
    </MODIFICATIONS>
  </DOC-REVISION>
  <DOC-REVISION>
    <REVISION-LABEL>1</REVISION-LABEL>
    <STATE>initial draft</STATE>
    <TEAM-MEMBER-REF ID-REF="w1">W1</TEAM-MEMBER-REF>
    <DATE>12.8.2001</DATE>
    <MODIFICATIONS>
      <MODIFICATION>
        <CHANGE>Created the document</CHANGE>
        <REASON>According to video-conference held at Jul2001</REASON>
      </MODIFICATION>
    </MODIFICATIONS>
  </DOC-REVISION>
</DOC-REVISIONS>
</ADMIN-DATA>

```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-CHAPTER](#), [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LANGUAGE](#), [USED-LANGUAGES](#), [COMPANY-DOC-INFOS](#), [FORMATTER-CTRLS](#), [DOC-REVISIONS](#)



ADMIN-DATA.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.6 AREA

### Beschreibung

This element specifies a region in an image map. Image maps enable authors to specify regions in an object (e.g. a graphic) and to assign a specific activity to each region (e.g. load a document, launch a program etc.).

### Beispiel

```
<AREA SHAPE="RECT" COORDS="63,28,99,46" HREF="msrrep-id:EADOC-SUP"/>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MAP](#)

Hat keinen Inhalt.

**AREA** empty

AREA.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[SHAPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RECT</b></li> <li>• CIRCLE</li> <li>• POLY</li> <li>• DEFAULT</li> </ul>	The interpretation of the coordinates <b>[COORDS]</b> is controlled by the value of <b>[SHAPE]</b> .
<b>[ACCESSKEY]</b> (implied)	cdata		This attribute assigns an access key to an element. An access key is an individual character (e.g. "B") within the document character range. If an access key with an element assigned to it is pressed, the element comes into focus. The activity performed when an element comes into focus, is dependent on the element itself.
<b>[ALT]</b> (implied)	cdata		This attribute specifies the text to be inserted as an alternative to illustrations, shapes or applets, where these cannot be displayed by user agents.
<b>[CLASS]</b> (implied)	cdata		Blank separated list of classes

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[COORDS]</b> (implied)	cdata		This attribute specifies the position and shape on the screen. The number of values and their order depend on the geometrical figure defined. Possible combinations are:
<b>[HREF]</b> (implied)	cdata		This attribute specifies the memory location of a web resource. It is therefore able to specify a link between the current element and the target element.
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[NOHREF]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	• NOHREF	If this attribute is set, <b>&lt;AREA&gt;</b> has no associated link.
<b>[ONBLUR]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONBLUR-Event occurs, when focus is switched away from an element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONCLICK]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONCLICK-Event occurs, if the current element is clicked-on. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONDBLCLICK]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONDBLCLICK-Event occurs, if the current Event is clicked-on. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONFOCUS]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONFOCUS-Event occurs, if an element comes into focus (e.g. through navigation using the tab button). A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ONKEYDOWN]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONKEYDOWN-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is pressed down. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONKEYPRESS]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONKEYPRESS-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is pressed down and released. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONKEYUP]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONKEYUP-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is released. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEDOWN]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONMOUSEDOWN-Event occurs, if the mouse button used for clicking is held down on the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEMOVE]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONMOUSEMOVE-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved on the current element (i.e. it is located on the current element). A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEOUT]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONMOUSEOUT-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved from the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ONMOUSEOVER]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONMOUSEOVER-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved to the current element from another location outside it. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEUP]</b> (implied)	cdata		The ONMOUSEUP-Event occurs if the mouse button used for clicking is released on the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[STYLE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Information on the associated style
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[TABINDEX]</b> (implied)	cdata		This attribute specifies the position of the current element in tabbing-order for the corresponding document. The value must lie between 0 and 32767. The Tabbing Order defines the sequence in which elements are focused on, when the user navigates using the keyboard.
<b>[TITLE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Title information of the <b>&lt;AREA&gt;</b> -element
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.7

## BR

### Beschreibung

This element is the same as function here as in a HTML document i.e. it forces a line break.

### Beispiel

<P>The first row<BR/>the second row</P>

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-5](#)

Hat keinen Inhalt.

**BR**-empty

BR.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.8

### C-CODE

#### Beschreibung

Use <C-CODE> to insert a formula defined as C-Code.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FORMULA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)

**C-CODE**~ + **L-10**~ ->

C-CODE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.9 CATEGORY

### Beschreibung

This element assigns a category to the parent element. The category can be used by a semantic checker in post-processes to ensure that the parent object is defined correctly i.e. has the right number of elements for example.

### Beispiel

This example shows how **<CATEGORY>** is used to qualify a calibration parameter as a map. Further processing could now establish whether two axes also has to be specified.

```
<SW-CALPRM>
    <SHORT-NAME>KF_XYZ</SHORT-NAME>
    <CATEGORY>MAP</CATEGORY>
    . . .
</SW-CALPRM>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#), [MSRREP](#), [SYN-CAPTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

CATEGORY~ — #PCDATA

CATEGORY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.10 CHANGE

### Beschreibung

**<CHANGE>** is used to enter a modification text for a **<MODIFICATION>** element. The element has the same contents and features as a normal Paragraf element **<P>**.

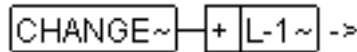
### Beispiel

```
<CHANGE>This code is now optimized for <TT TYPE="PRODUCT">C#</TT>.</CHANGE>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MODIFICATION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-1](#)



CHANGE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.11

### CHANGES

#### Beschreibung

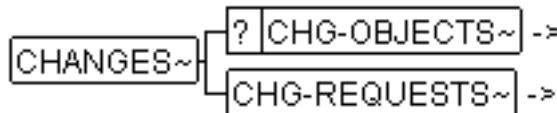
Change management support is provided using <changes>. This allows to maintain multiple change managements within one document.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-CHAPTER](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-OBJECTS](#), [CHG-REQUESTS](#)



CHANGES.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.12

## CHAPTER

### Beschreibung

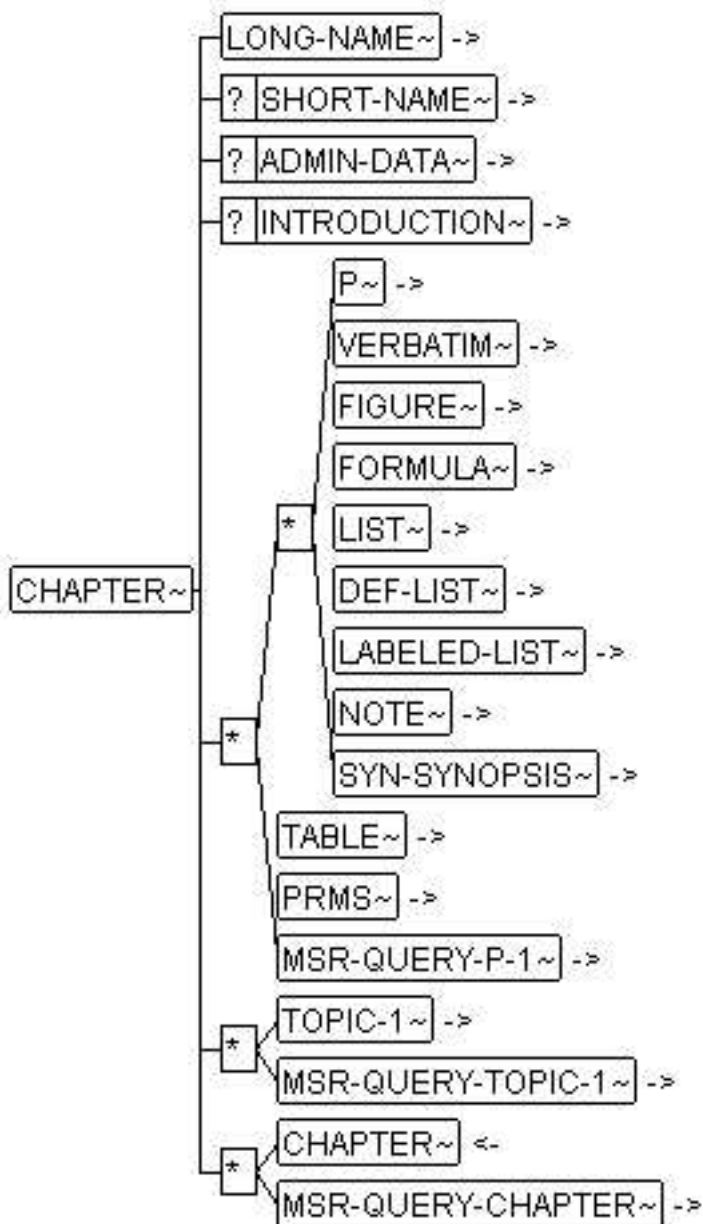
Use <CHAPTER> , to create a chapter structure.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-CHAPTER](#),  
[REPORT-BODY](#), [REPORT-HEAD](#), [REPORT-REAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [ADMIN-DATA](#), [INTRODUCTION](#),  
[P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LA-BELED-LIST](#),  
[NOTE](#), [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#), [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#)



CHAPTER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[BREAK]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BREAK</li> <li>NO-BREAK</li> </ul>	Select BREAK to insert a page break ahead of the chapter title.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the parent element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate an object ID or a widget name hierarchy from a window system, which is then correlated with the help entries.
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• KEEP</li> <li>• NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CHAPTER	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.13 CHG-ACTION

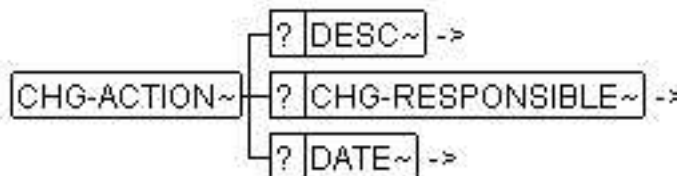
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-ACTIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DESC](#), [CHG-RESPONSIBLE](#), [DATE](#)



CHG-ACTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.14 CHG-ACTIONS

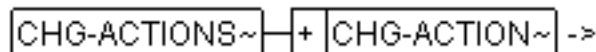
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-ACTION](#)



CHG-ACTIONS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.15 CHG-CHAPTER

### Beschreibung

<CHG-CHAPTER> is a chapter which contains only change management documentation. <CHG-CHAPTER> can occur multiple on the chapter toplevel(1., 2., 3.). This allows to maintain multiple change management sets within one document.

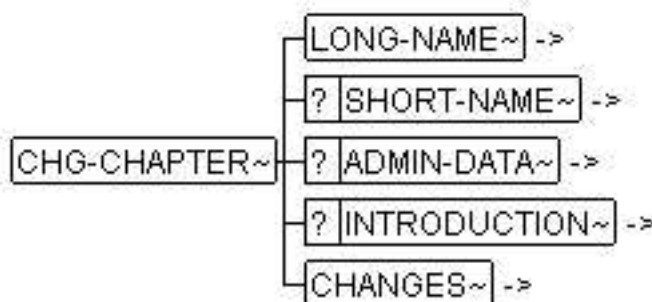
<CHG-CHAPTER> is treated like a normal <CHAPTER> in <REPORT-BODY> an is numbered in the same way.

### Beispiel

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-BODY](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [ADMIN-DATA](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [CHANGES](#)



CHG-CHAPTER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	cdata	CHAPTER	
<b>[F-NAMESPACE]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	CHG-OBJECT CHG-OBJECT-REVISION CHG-REQUEST	

## 2.16 CHG-CONCLUSION

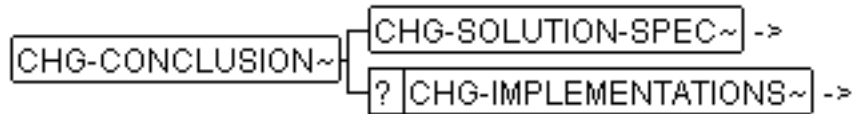
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-IMPLEMENTATIONS](#)



CHG-CONCLUSION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.17 CHG-EFFORT

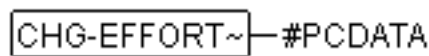
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text



CHG-EFFORT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.18 CHG-IMPLEMENTATION

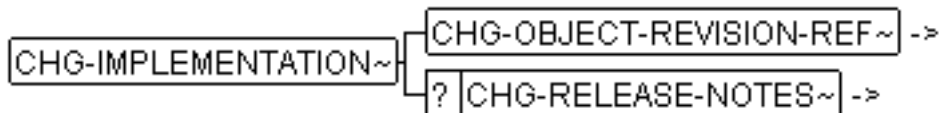
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-IMPLEMENTATIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTES](#)



CHG-IMPLEMENTATION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.19 CHG-IMPLEMENTATIONS

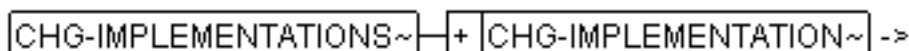
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-CONCLUSION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-IMPLEMENTATION](#)



CHG-IMPLEMENTATIONS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.20 CHG-KEYWORD

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-KEYWORDS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`CHG-KEYWORD~` — #PCDATA

CHG-KEYWORD.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.21 CHG-KEYWORDS

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-KEYWORD](#)



CHG-KEYWORDS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.22 CHG-OBJECT

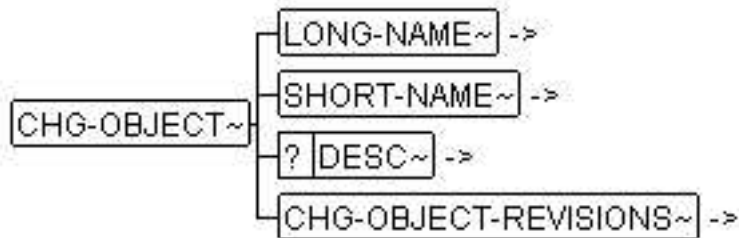
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-OBJECTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DESC](#), [CHG-OBJECT-REVISIONS](#)



CHG-OBJECT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ID] (implied)	id		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		
[F-ID-CLASS] (fixed)	cdata	CHG-OBJECT	
[F-NAMESPACE] (fixed)	nmtokens	CHG-OBJECT-REVISION	

## 2.23 CHG-OBJECT-REVISION

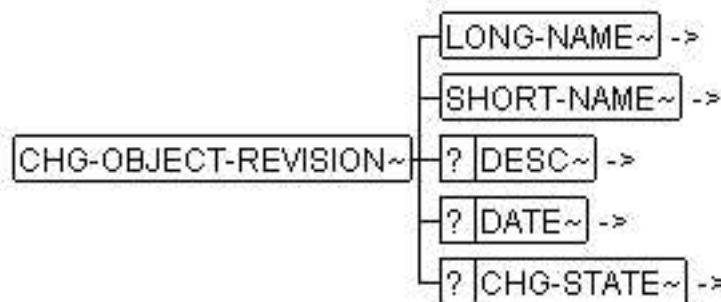
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-OBJECT-REVISIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DESC](#), [DATE](#), [CHG-STATE](#)



CHG-OBJECT-REVISION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ID] (implied)	id		
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	cdata	CHG-OBJECT-REVISION	

## 2.24 CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-IMPLEMENTATION](#), [CHG-RELATED-OBJECTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF~|#PCDATA`

CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref		
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CHG-OBJECT-REVISION	
<b>[HYNAMES]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	LINKEND ID-REF	

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[HYTIME] (fixed)	nmtoken	CLINK	

## 2.25 CHG-OBJECT-REVISIONS

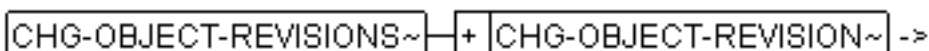
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-OBJECT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#)



CHG-OBJECT-REVISIONS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.26 CHG-OBJECTS

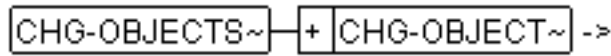
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHANGES](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-OBJECT](#)



CHG-OBJECTS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.27

## CHG-PRIORITY

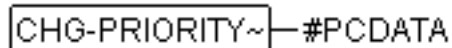
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text



CHG-PRIORITY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.28 CHG-PROPOSED-BY

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

```
CHG-PROPOSED-BY~|#PCDATA
```

CHG-PROPOSED-BY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.29 CHG-REASON

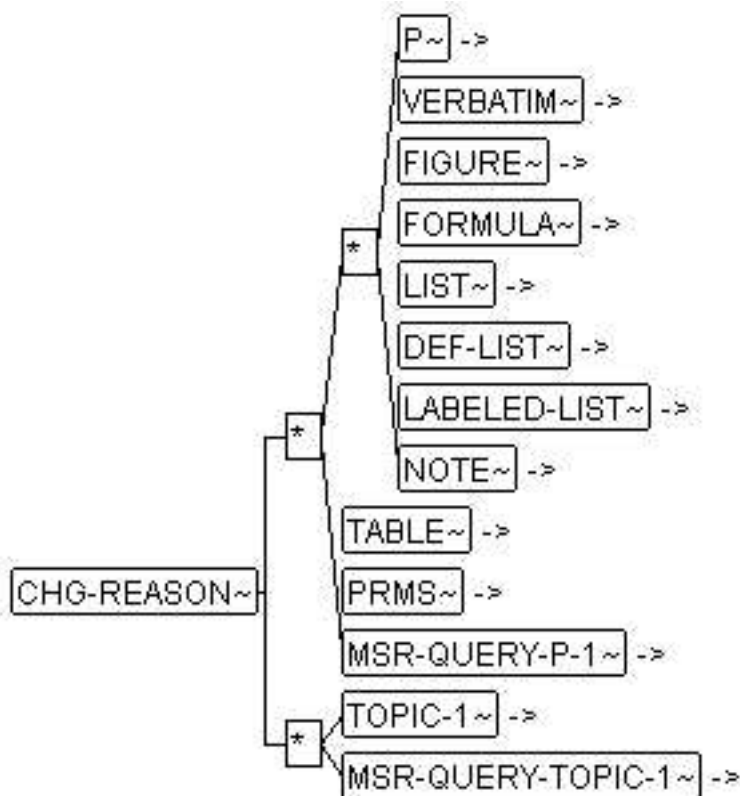
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



CHG-REASON.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.30 CHG-RELATED-OBJECTS

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF](#)

CHG-RELATED-OBJECTS~ + CHG-OBJECT-REVISION-REF~ ->

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.31 CHG-RELATED-REQUESTS

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-REQUEST-REF](#)

CHG-RELATED-REQUESTS~ + CHG-REQUEST-REF~ ->

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.32 CHG-RELEASE-NOTES

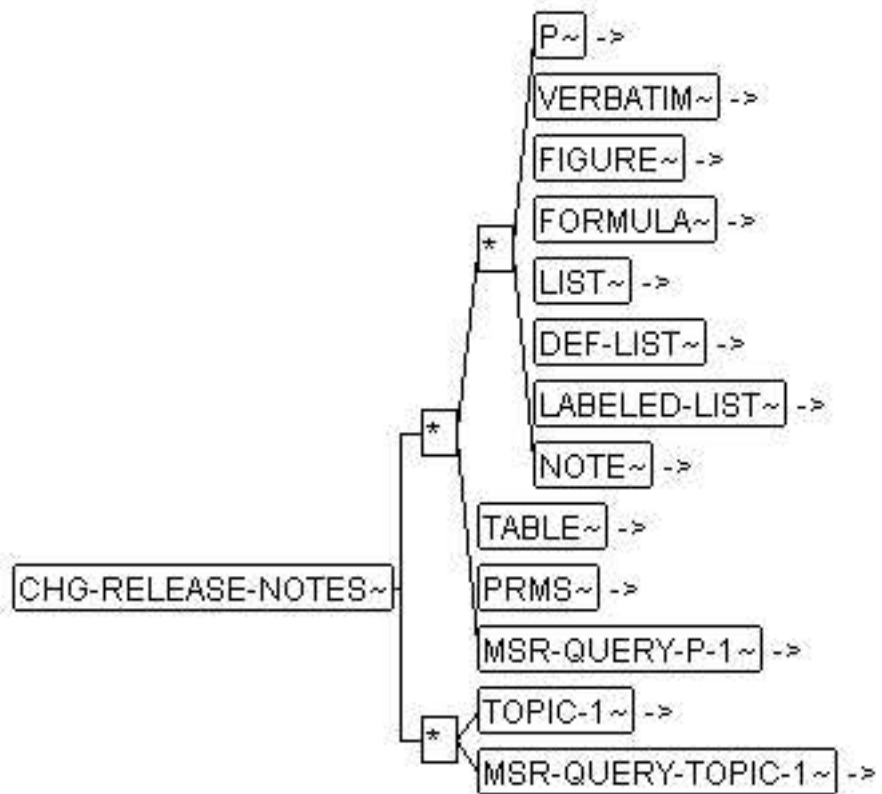
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-IMPLEMENTATION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



CHG-RELEASE-NOTES.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.33 CHG-REQUEST

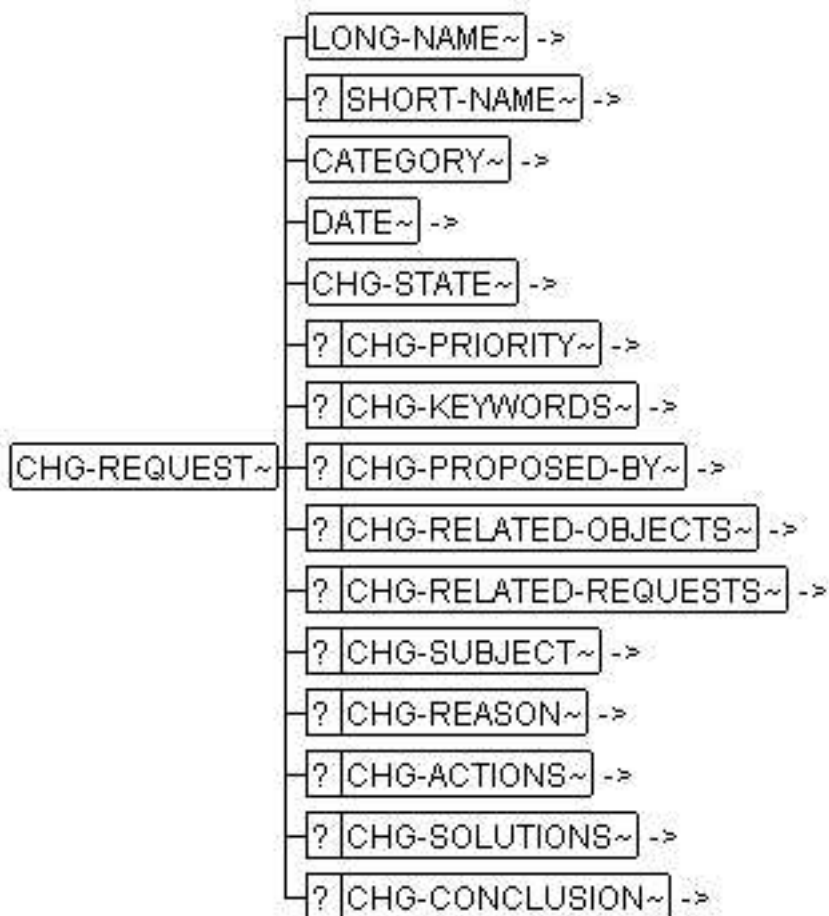
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUESTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [CATEGORY](#), [DATE](#), [CHG-STATE](#),  
[CHG-PRIORITY](#), [CHG-KEYWORDS](#), [CHG-PROPOSED-BY](#),  
[CHG-RELATED-OBJECTS](#), [CHG-RELATED-REQUESTS](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#),  
[CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-ACTIONS](#), [CHG-SOLUTIONS](#), [CHG-CONCLUSION](#)



CHG-REQUEST.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	cdata	CHG-REQUEST	

## 2.34 CHG-REQUEST-REF

### Beschreibung

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-RELATED-REQUESTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**CHG-REQUEST-REF~** — #PCDATA

CHG-REQUESTREFPING

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[RELATION]</b> (required)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PREREQUISITE</li> <li>OTHER</li> </ul>	
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref		
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CHG-REQUEST	
<b>[HYNAMES]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	LINKEND ID-REF	
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CLINK	

## 2.35 CHG-REQUESTS

### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHANGES](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-REQUEST](#)



CHG-REQUESTS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.36 CHG-RESPONSIBLE

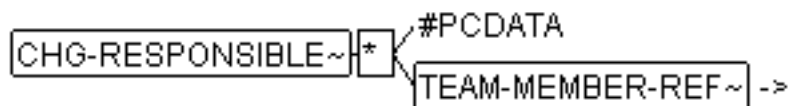
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-ACTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [TEAM-MEMBER-REF](#)



CHG-RESPONSIBLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.37 CHG-SOLUTION

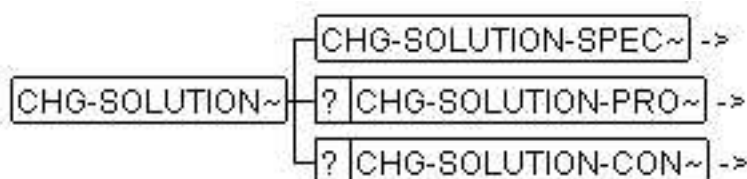
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-SOLUTIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#)



CHG-SOLUTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.38 CHG-SOLUTION-CON

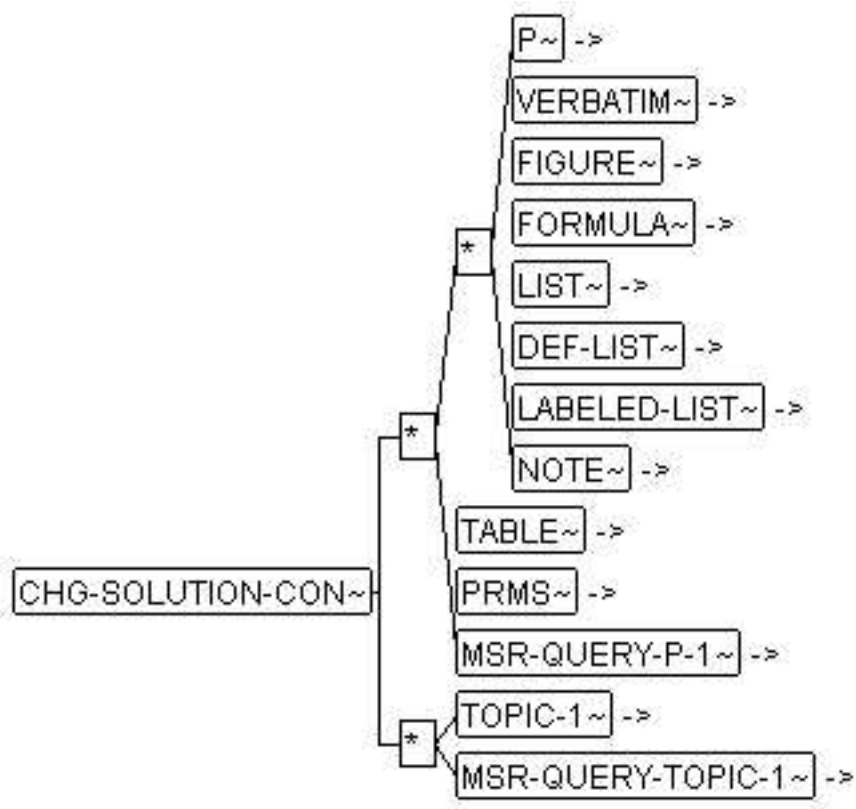
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-SOLUTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



CHG-SOLUTION-CON.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.39 CHG-SOLUTION-PRO

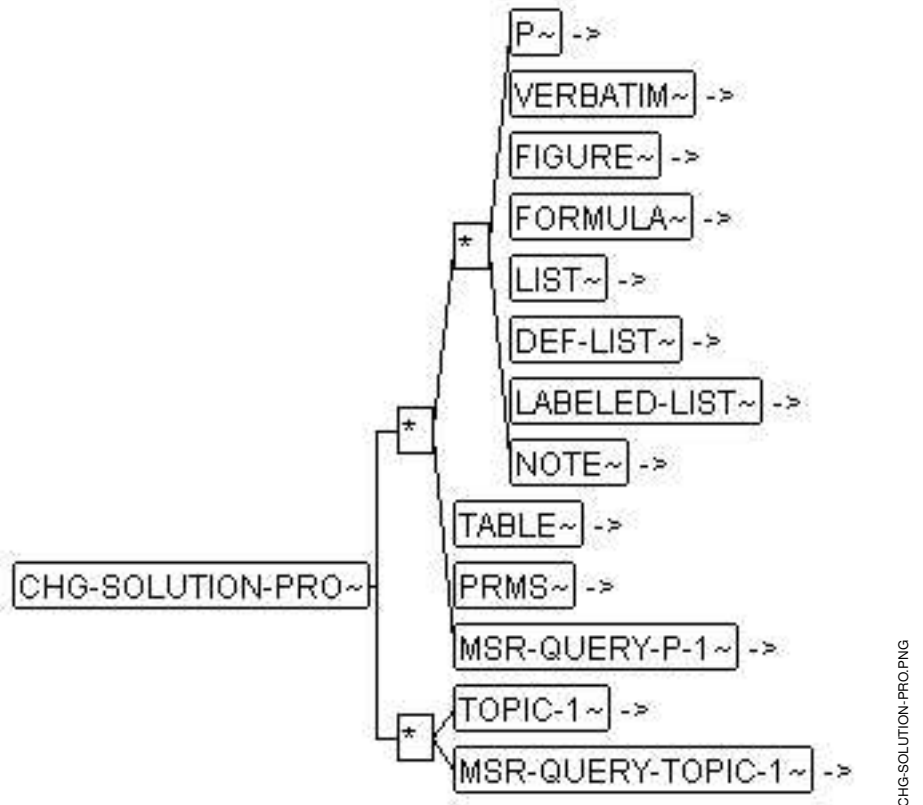
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-SOLUTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.40 CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC

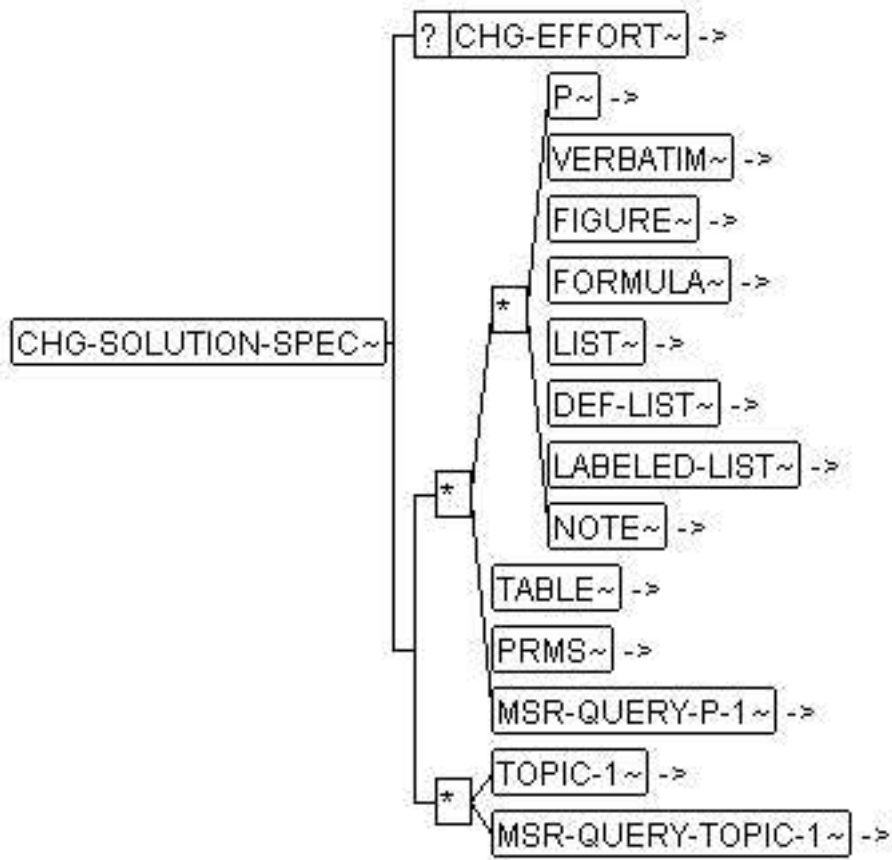
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-CONCLUSION](#), [CHG-SOLUTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-EFFORT](#), [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.41 CHG-SOLUTIONS

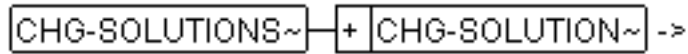
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHG-SOLUTION](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.42 CHG-STATE

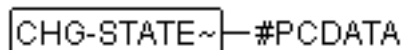
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#), [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text



Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[STATE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>OPEN</b></li> <li>• PASSED</li> <li>• REJECTED</li> <li>• IN-PROCESS</li> <li>• DONE</li> <li>• POSTPONED</li> <li>• RELEASED</li> <li>• WITHDRAWN</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.43 CHG-SUBJECT

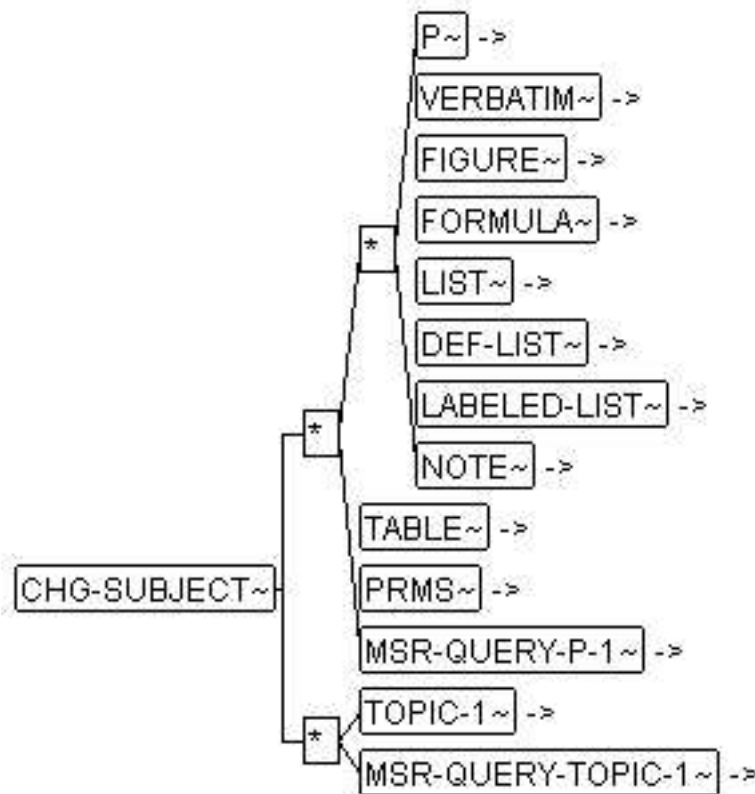
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-REQUEST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)



CHG-SUBJECT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.44

### CITY

#### Beschreibung

Use <CITY> to enter the city in the company address where a project participant is located.

#### Beispiel

<CITY>London</CITY>

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

CITY~ — #PCDATA

CITY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.45

### COLSPEC

#### Beschreibung

Use <COLSPEC> , to insert and specify a column in a table.

#### Beispiel

<COLSPEC COLNAME="col1" COLNUM="1" COLWIDTH="1.00\*" />

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TFOOT](#), [TGROUP](#), [THEAD](#)

Hat keinen Inhalt.

`COLSPEC`-empty

COLSPEC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ALIGN]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LEFT</li> <li>• RIGHT</li> <li>• CENTER</li> <li>• JUSTIFY</li> <li>• CHAR</li> </ul>	LEFT - The table contents is justified left. RIGHT - The table contents is justified right. CENTER - The table contents is centered horizontally. JUSTIFY - The table contents is displayed with justified typesetting. There is an equal distance from the left and right-hand edges of the cell. CHAR - The alignment of the table contents is set by <b>[CHAR]</b> .
<b>[CHAR]</b> (implied)	cdata		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this one-character value of <b>[CHAR]</b> specifies the alignment sign e.g. "bzlw", as a decimal point separator. The sign cannot be a SDATA entity.
<b>[CHAROFF]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAROFF", this value indicates the percentage of the current column width to the left edge of the alignment sign in the <b>[CHAR]</b> -attribute. If there is no alignment sign in the element <b>&lt;COLSPEC&gt;</b> , alignment is always horizontal right. The default value is taken from <b>&lt;TGROUP&gt;</b> .
<b>[COLNAME]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Now, specify an identification name for the column that has been modified, e.g. <b>column1</b> for the first one.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[COLNUM]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point you should specify the placement of the modified column within the table, e.g. 1 for the first column.
<b>[COLSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no column guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the column guides are to be displayed.
<b>[COLWIDTH]</b> (implied)	cdata		Next, specify the width of the modified column in the table. You can enter absolute values such as 4 cm, or relative values marked with *, e.g. <b>2*</b> for column widths double those of other columns.
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.46

## COMMENT

### Beschreibung

This element contains a commentary in text form.

### Beispiel

<COMMENT>This section is maintained by John.</COMMENT>

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**COMMENT~** — #PCDATA

COMMENT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.47

## COMPANIES

### Beschreibung

<COMPANIES> can be used to describe the companies involved in the project. The company responsible for the generation or maintenance of the file or some parts of the file is determined by a <TEAM-MEMBER-REF> within <ADMIN-DATA> . In simple cases there is only one company.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-HEAD](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY](#)

**COMPANIES~** — + **COMPANY~** ->

COMPANIES.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.48 COMPANY

### Beschreibung

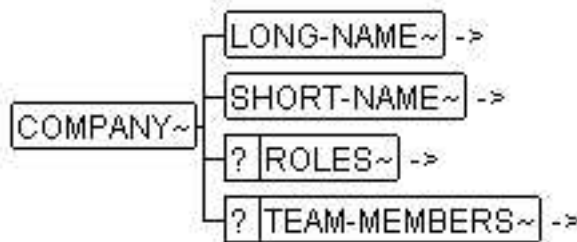
Use <COMPANY> , to describe the company, its role and its members.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: COMPANIES

Ist Kontext für: LONG-NAME, SHORT-NAME, ROLES, TEAM-MEMBERS



COMPANY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ID] (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
[ROLE] (implied)	nmtoken		Select MANUFACTURER, if the company participating in the project is a manufacturer/partner. Select SUPPLIER, if this is the function of the company participating in the project.
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-CHILD-TYPE]</b> (fixed)	cdata	LONG-NAME:SELECT	<del>Fixed</del> Child Type. Warning: This attribute is included in the DTD for compatibility with older versions and should not be used for any new implementations. It may be removed in future versions of the DTD. The attribute contains information stating which child elements of the element carrying this attribute, should be checked by a semantic checker.
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	COMPANY	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" like: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[F-NAMESPACE]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	TEAM-MEMBER	Fixed Namespace. This attribute is assigned to elements which define a namespace for linkable objects. The attribute contains a list of elements, where the element carrying the attribute serves as a namespace. This is used by processors which use the MSR natural linking mechanism. (Natural links address their link target with a sequence of short-names including the namespaces and the object itself e.g. '/test.xml/sw-system1/sw-var1')

## 2.49 COMPANY-DOC-INFO

### Beschreibung

Use `<COMPANY-DOC-INFO>`, to generate document information on the companies participating in the project.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-DOC-INFOS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY-REF](#), [DOC-LABEL](#), [TEAM-MEMBER-REF](#), [SDGS](#)



COMPANY-DOC-INFO.PING

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.50 COMPANY-DOC-INFOS

### Beschreibung

Use <COMPANY-DOC-INFOS> , to generate a summary of the document information on the companies participating in the project.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADMIN-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY-DOC-INFO](#)

COMPANY-DOC-INFOS~ + COMPANY-DOC-INFO~ ->

COMPANY-DOC-INFOS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.51 COMPANY-REF

### Beschreibung

Use **<COMPANY-REF>** , to refer to the company for which you wish to generate corporate-specific document information.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-DOC-INFO](#), [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**COMPANY-REF** ~ #PCDATA

COMPANY-REF.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref		Reference to an element made unambiguous through an ID attribute value within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	COMPANY	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.
<b>[HYNAMES]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	LINKEND ID-REF	HYNAMES is a mapping functionality defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). The names of the locator attributes (e.g. ID-REF) used to address the target of a hyperlink can be mapped to names defined in the HYTIME standard, LINKEND. This enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CLINK	HYTIME is the standard attribute used to define a HYTIME architectural form. This functionality is defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). It enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.

## 2.52 COMPANY-REVISION-INFO

### Beschreibung

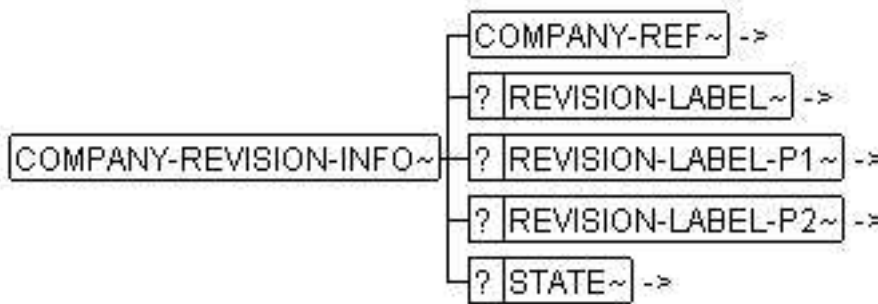
Use <COMPANY-REVISION-INFO> , to generate information on document version within the respective company.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFOS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY-REF](#), [REVISION-LABEL](#), [REVISION-LABEL-P1](#), [REVISION-LABEL-P2](#), [STATE](#)



COMPANY-REVISION-INFO.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.53 COMPANY-REVISION-INFOS

### Beschreibung

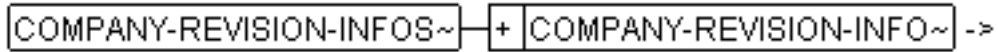
Use <COMPANY-REVISION-INFOS> , to generate a summary of the information on document version within a company.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#)



COMPANY-REVISION-INFO.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.54

### COND

#### Beschreibung

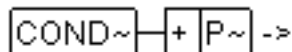
Use `<COND>` , to enter marginal conditions for which parameter values are valid.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#)



COND.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.55 DATE

### Beschreibung

**<DATE>** is used to capture a time stamp. It must match to one of the following syntaxes based on [*Standard: Representation of dates and times*]. In multilingual DTDs **<DATE>** is also multilingual.

```
<YYYY>-<MM>-<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

```
<YYYY>.<MM>.<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

```
<YYYY>/<MM>/<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

The last pattern is the most preferred one, since it reflects a common use in US.

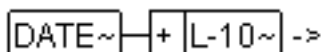
### Beispiel

```
<DATE>2001-03-20T09:00:00</DATE>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-ACTION](#), [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#), [CHG-REQUEST](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



DATE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.56 DATE-1

### Beschreibung

Use **<DATE-1>** , to enter the validity date of a standard document, or the creation date of an external document.

The element is like **<DATE>** but is never handled multilingual.

**<DATE>** is used to capture a time stamp. It must match to one of the following syntaxes based on [*Standard: Representation of dates and times*]:

```
<YYYY>-<MM>-<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

```
<YYYY>.<MM>.<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

```
<YYYY>/<MM>/<DD> [T<hh>:<mm>:<ss>]
```

The last pattern is the most preferred one, since it reflects a common use in US.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [STD](#), [XDOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**DATE-1~** — #PCDATA

DATE-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.57

## DEF

### Beschreibung

Use `<DEF>` , to enter a paragraph within the definition list for describing the title.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DEF-ITEM](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#)

**DEF~** — + **P~** ->

DEF.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.58

### DEF-ITEM

#### Beschreibung

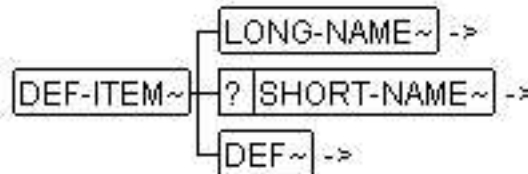
Use **<DEF-ITEM>** , to enter the title of an enumeration element in the definition list.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DEF-LIST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DEF](#)



DEF-ITEM.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[HELP-ENTRY] (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
[ID] (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	DEF-ITEM	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.59

## DEF-LIST

### Beschreibung

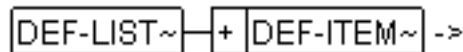
Use `<DEF-LIST>` , to create a definition list, where the marginal notes can be referenced.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DEF-ITEM](#)



DEF-LIST.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.60

### DEPARTMENT

#### Beschreibung

Use **<DEPARTMENT>** , to enter the department of a project participant.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

DEPARTMENT~|#PCDATA

DEPARTMENT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.61

### DESC

#### Beschreibung

<DESC> represents a general but brief description of the object in question.

#### Beispiel

```
<DESC> This calibration is a gain
                                that is used for the transition period between crank to run. It
                                between 1000 and 1500.
</DESC>
```

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-ACTION](#), [CHG-OBJECT](#), [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#), [FIGURE](#),  
[PRM](#), [SDG-CAPTION](#), [SYN-ARGUMENT](#), [SYN-CAPTION](#),  
[SYN-EXAMPLE](#), [SYN-RETURN-VALUE](#), [SYN-SEMANTICS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-1](#)

DESC~ + L-1~ ->

DESC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.62 DOC-LABEL

### Beschreibung

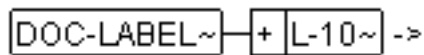
Use **<DOC-LABEL>** , to enter the title of the document, or a label for the part of the document for which you wish to generate administrative data.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-DOC-INFO](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



DOC-LABEL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.63 DOC-REVISION

### Beschreibung

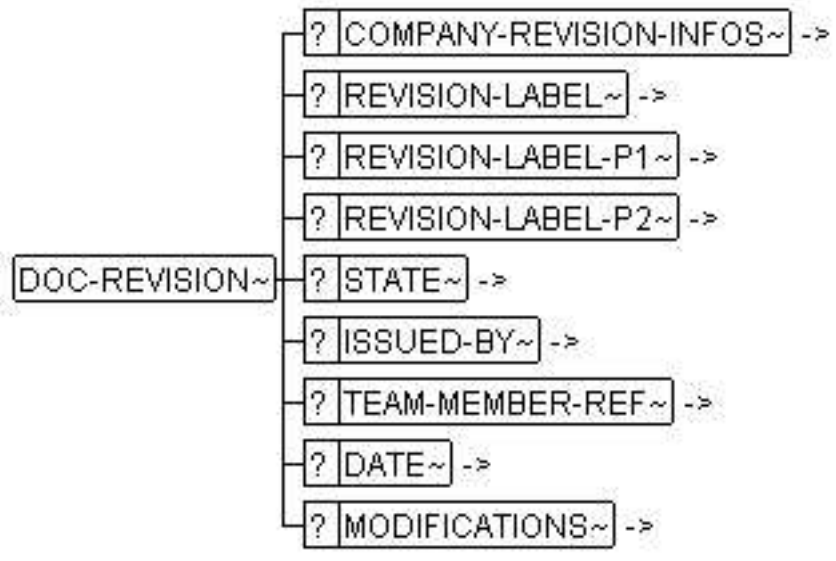
Use **<DOC-REVISION>** , to generate information on the corresponding document version.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DOC-REVISIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFOS](#), [REVISION-LABEL](#), [REVISION-LABEL-P1](#),  
[REVISION-LABEL-P2](#), [STATE](#), [ISSUED-BY](#), [TEAM-MEMBER-REF](#),  
[DATE](#), [MODIFICATIONS](#)



DOC-REVISION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.64 DOC-REVISIONS

### Beschreibung

<DOC-REVISIONS> is a container for the entire change-history for an object containing <ADMIN-DATA> and <DOC-REVISIONS>. Although the sequence of changes can be determined by sorting <DOC-REVISIONS> according to <DOC-REVISION>/ <DATE>, it is recommended that the most recent <DOC-REVISION> is the first child of <DOC-REVISIONS> .

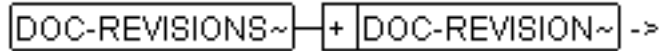
### Beispiel

For an example, see [ADMIN-DATAChapter 2.5 ADMIN-DATA p. 14](#) .

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADMIN-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DOC-REVISION](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.65

### E

#### Beschreibung

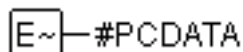
Use **<E>** , to highlight sections of text within a paragraph element.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FT](#), [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-4](#), [L-5](#), [LONG-NAME-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text



Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[TYPE] (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOLD</b></li> <li>• <i>ITALIC</i></li> <li>• <b><i>BOLDITALIC</i></b></li> <li>• PLAIN</li> </ul>	You can highlight text using BOLD or ITALIC to alter its appearance.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[COLOR]</b> (implied)	cdata		Color value, specified in <i>SRBG</i> ( <a href="http://www.w3.org/Graphics/Color/sRGB">http://www.w3.org/Graphics/Color/sRGB</a> ) A Color value can either be a hexadecimal value (prefixed with #) or one of the predefined color names, e.g "black", "dodgerblue" or "indianred". The color names are case-insensitive.
<b>[FONT]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MONO</li> <li>• DEFAULT</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.66

### EMAIL

#### Beschreibung

Use **<EMAIL>** , to enter the email address of a project participant.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**EMAIL~** — #PCDATA

EMAIL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.67 ENTRY

### Beschreibung

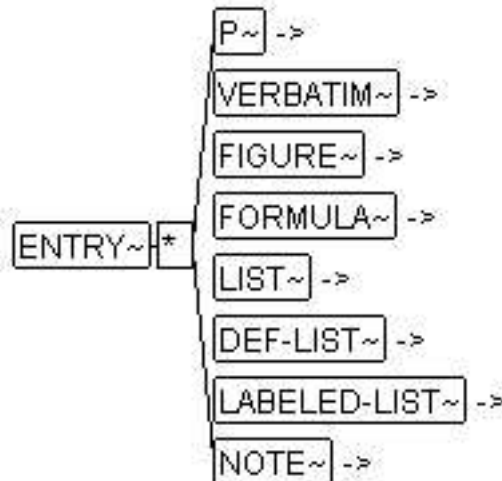
Use **<ENTRY>** , that contains a paragraph element to display the contents of a table cell.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ROW](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABLED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#)



ENTRY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[MOREROWS]</b> (default)	nmtoken	0	Modify the attribute to merge the appropriate <b>&lt;ENTRY&gt;</b> cell with the cells belonging to the subsequent rows. Enter <b>0</b> if you do not wish to merge any cells. Enter <b>1</b> to merge a cell with a cell in the next row. Enter a numeric value <b>n</b> to merge a cell with cells in <b>n</b> subsequent rows.
<b>[ROTATE]</b> (default)	nmtoken	0	Enter the angle by which the contents of a cell should be rotated.
<b>[VALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TOP</b></li> <li>• <b>BOTTOM</b></li> <li>• <b>MIDDLE</b></li> </ul>	TOP - The contents of the table is aligned to the upper edge of the cell. BOTTOM - The contents of the table is aligned to the lower edge of the cell. MIDDLE - The contents of the table is centered to the vertical.
<b>[ALIGN]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LEFT</b></li> <li>• <b>RIGHT</b></li> <li>• <b>CENTER</b></li> <li>• <b>JUSTIFY</b></li> <li>• <b>CHAR</b></li> </ul>	LEFT - The table contents is justified left. RIGHT - The table contents is justified right. CENTER - The table contents is centered horizontally. JUSTIFY - The table contents is displayed with justified typesetting. There is an equal distance from the left and right-hand edges of the cell. CHAR - The alignment of the table contents is set by <b>[CHAR]</b> .
<b>[CHAR]</b> (implied)	cdata		If <b>[ALIGN]="CHAR"</b> , this specifies the alignment sign e.g. "bzlw", as a decimal point separator from an existing value of <b>[CHAR]</b> . The sign cannot be a SDATA entity.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[CHAROFF]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this value indicates the percentage of the current column width to the left edge of the alignment sign in the <b>[CHAR]</b> -attribute. If there is no alignment sign in the element <b>&lt;ENTRY&gt;</b> , alignment is always horizontal right. The default value is taken from <b>&lt;COLSPEC&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;SPANSPEC&gt;</b> .
<b>[COLNAME]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Now, specify an identification name for the column that has been modified, e.g. <b>column1</b> for the first one.
<b>[COLSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no column guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the column guides are to be displayed.
<b>[NAMEEND]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Identification number of the final column included in the merge.
<b>[NAMEST]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Identification number of the first column to be merged.
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the row guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[SPANNAME]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Identification name of a specified column merge.
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.68

### FAX

#### Beschreibung

Use <FAX> , to enter the fax number of a project participant.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**FAX~** — #PCDATA

FAX.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.69

### FIGURE

#### Beschreibung

Use <FIGURE> , to integrate graphics into a document.

#### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [FIGURE-CAPTION](#), [L-GRAPHIC](#), [MAP](#), [VERBATIM](#), [DESC](#)

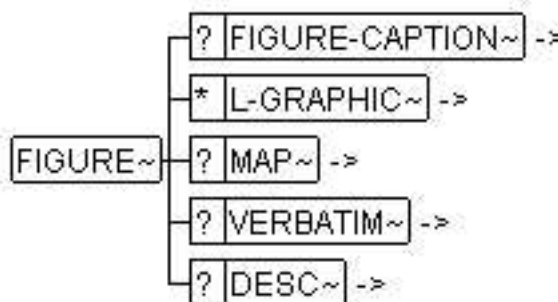


FIGURE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[FLOAT]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FLOAT</li> <li>NO-FLOAT</li> </ul>	Permits a check, in the case of a <b>&lt;FIGURE&gt;</b> that cannot be broken up, to determine whether the <b>&lt;FIGURE&gt;</b> can be shifted elsewhere, so that the page can be used to a greater advantage (compare to flat at TeX).
<b>[FRAME]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TOP</li> <li>BOTTOM</li> <li>TOPBOT</li> <li>ALL</li> <li>SIDES</li> <li>NONE</li> </ul>	TOP - Border at the top of the picture BOTTOM - Border at the bottom of the figure TOPBOT - Borders at the top and bottom of the figure ALL - Borders all around the figure SIDES - Borders at the sides of the figure NONE - No borders around the figure

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	KEEP: ensures that the graphic and the element preceding it are not separated. NO-KEEP separates the two elements.
<b>[PGWIDE]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PGWIDE</li> <li>NO-PGWIDE</li> </ul>	PGWIDE: enables the expansion of the diagram to fit across the entire page. NO-PGWIDE suppresses expansion across the page if, for example, a fixed margin has been given.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.70 FIGURE-CAPTION

### Beschreibung

This element specifies the title of an illustration.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FIGURE](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#)

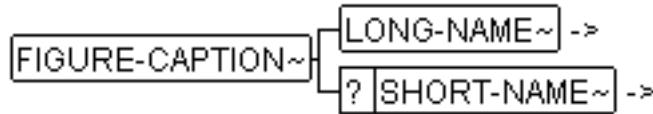


FIGURE-CAPTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	FIGURE	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.71 FORMATTER-CTRL

### Beschreibung

This element contains instructions to be formatted that can be freely specified, such as the scope of the context in which `<FORMATTER-CTRL>` is located. Here, the attribute **[SI]** can carry on further useful information obtained through the formatting process.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FORMATTER-CTRLS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`FORMATTER-CTRL~`—#PCDATA

FORMATTER-CTRL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[TARGET-SYSTEM]</b> (implied)	cdata	This attribute can specify a target system which is valid for the current setting. If the attribute is absent, it is valid for all target systems. The target systems determine how this attribute should be interpreted. For example, the view control on creation of a help file could proceed in the following way: if there is a formatter-ctrl, si="view" target-system="htmlhelp", this will be used. If there is no specific view, but a formatter-ctrl si="view", without a target system specification, then this is used.
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.72 FORMATTER-CTRLS

### Beschreibung

Container-Element for `<FORMATTER-CTRL>` .

### Beispiel

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADMIN-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [FORMATTER-CTRL](#)



FORMATTER-CTRLS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.73

## FORMULA

### Beschreibung

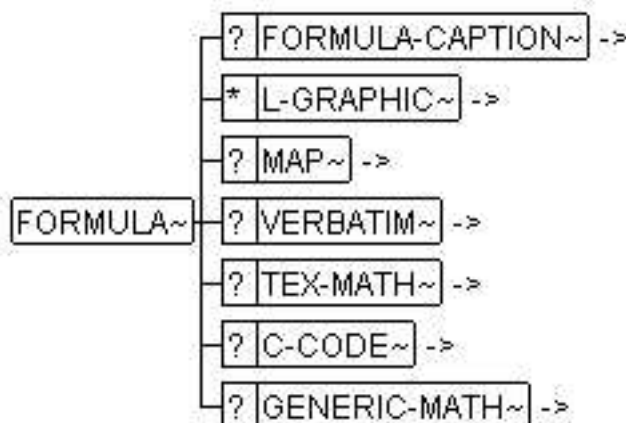
Use **<FORMULA>** , to enter a formula in a document.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [FORMULA-CAPTION](#), [L-GRAPHIC](#), [MAP](#), [VERBATIM](#), [TEX-MATH](#),  
[C-CODE](#), [GENERIC-MATH](#)



FORMULA.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	KEEP: ensures that the formula and the element preceding it are not separated. NO-KEEP separates the two elements.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.74 FORMULA-CAPTION

### Beschreibung

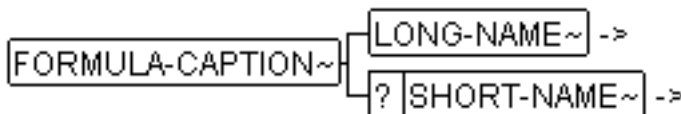
This element specifies the identification or heading of a formula.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FORMULA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#)



Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	FORMULA	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.75

### FT

#### Beschreibung

Use `<FT>` , to create a footnote.

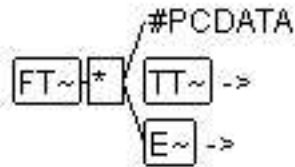
#### Beispiel

`<FT>`This text appears as a footnote`</FT>`

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [TT](#), [E](#)



FT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.76

### GENERIC-MATH

#### Beschreibung

Use **<GENERIC-MATH>** to insert semantic and mathematical descriptions which are processed by a math-processor.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FORMULA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



GENERIC-MATH.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.77

# GRAPHIC

### Beschreibung

Use <GRAPHIC> , to integrate an already existing graphic in the context elements.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-GRAPHIC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`GRAPHIC~`—#PCDATA

GRAPHIC.PNG



Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[EDITFIT]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• AS-IS</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW</li><li>• ROTATE-180</li><li>• FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• FIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• 0</li><li>• 1</li><li>• 2</li><li>• 3</li></ul>	FIT properties of the graphic in edit mode.



Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[FIT]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• AS-IS</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW</li><li>• ROTATE-180</li><li>• FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• FIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li><li>• 0</li><li>• 1</li><li>• 2</li><li>• 3</li></ul>	Modify the attribute <b>[FIT]</b> , to determine the way in which the graphic should be inserted. Enter the attribute value <b>0</b> , to insert a graphic in its original dimensions. The graphic is adapted, if it is too big for the space for which it was intended.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HTML-FIT]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AS-IS</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CW</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CCW</li> <li>• ROTATE-180</li> <li>• FIT-TO-TEXT</li> <li>• FIT-TO-PAGE</li> <li>• LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li> <li>• LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-FIT-TO-TEXT</li> <li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-TEXT</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li> <li>• ROTATE-90-CCW-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li> <li>• ROTATE-180-LIMIT-TO-PAGE</li> <li>• 0</li> <li>• 1</li> <li>• 2</li> <li>• 3</li> </ul>	Determines whether the graphic should be adapted to fit the dimensions of the window.
<b>[CATEGORY]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BARCODE</li> <li>• CONCEPTUAL</li> <li>• ENGINEERING</li> <li>• FLOWCHART</li> <li>• GRAPH</li> <li>• LOGO</li> <li>• SCHEMATIC</li> <li>• WAVEFORM</li> </ul>	Here, you can enter the category of the graphic. This can be used to generate a list of graphics from specific categories.
<b>[EDIT-HEIGHT]</b> (implied)	cdata		Height of the graphic in editor
<b>[EDIT-WIDTH]</b> (implied)	cdata		Width of the graphic in editor
<b>[EDITSCALE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Scale of the graphic in edit mode.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[FILENAME]</b> (implied)	cdata		Here, you should enter the file name under which the system for reproduction can call the graphic.
<b>[HEIGHT]</b> (implied)	cdata		In this attribute, the height of the graphic can be altered.
<b>[HTML-HEIGHT]</b> (implied)	cdata		Height of the graphic displayed online in html and htmlhelp.
<b>[HTML-SCALE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Scale of the graphic when displayed in html and htmlhelp.
<b>[HTML-WIDTH]</b> (implied)	cdata		Width of the graphic displayed online in html and htmlhelp.
<b>[NOTATION]</b> (implied)	cdata		Now the format of the graphic file must be specified, e.g. EPS.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SCALE]</b> (implied)	cdata		In this element the dimensions of the graphic can be altered proportionally.
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[WIDTH]</b> (implied)	cdata		In this attribute, the width of the graphic can be altered.

## 2.78 HOMEPAGE

### Beschreibung

Use <**HOMEPAGE**> , to enter the company email address of a project participant.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**HOMEPAGE~** - #PCDATA

HOMEPAGE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.79

### IE

#### Beschreibung

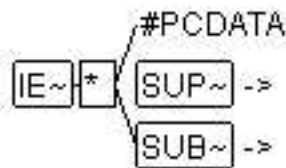
Use <IE> to create an index that is to appear in the index directory.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-4](#), [LONG-NAME-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



IE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[TYPE] (implied)	cdata	Indicates a type of the respective element.

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.80 INDENT-SAMPLE

### Beschreibung

Use `<INDENT-SAMPLE>` to set the amount of indentation for the parent object.

### Beispiel

The following example sets an indentation of one unit.

```
<INDENT-SAMPLE>X</INDENT-SAMPLE>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [LBELED-LIST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)



INDENT-SAMPLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ITEM-LABEL-POS] (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NO-NEWLINE</b></li> <li>• NEWLINE</li> <li>• NEWLINE-IF-NECESSARY</li> </ul>	NO-NEWLINE - line break inside the first column. NEWLINE - no line break inside the first column. The description regarding designation begins in the second row. NEWLINE-IF-NECESSARY - no line break inside the first column. If the marginal notes designation is longer than in the <code>&lt;INDENT-SAMPLE&gt;</code> , the description begins in the second row. Otherwise it begins in the first.
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.81 INTRODUCTION

### Beschreibung

<INTRODUCTION> provides a general introduction to the object in question.

- Use <P> to enable the processing systems to perform a word wrapping.
- Use <VERBATIM> if white-spaces are significant.

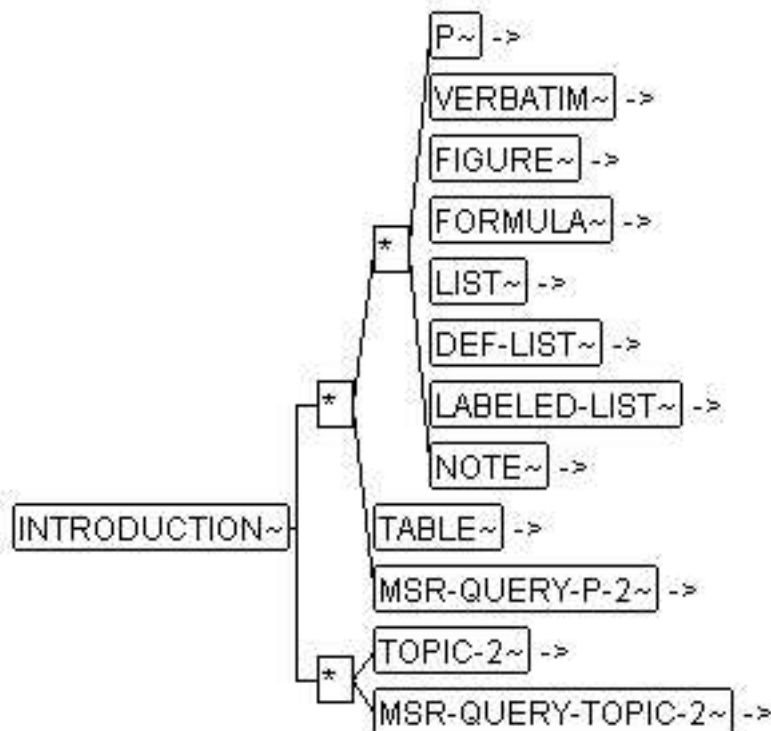
### Beispiel

```
<INTRODUCTION>
  <P>This File is used to illustrate, how CDF can be implentend according
    to ASAM-MCD-2MC 2.0 resp. MSRSW.DTD 2.2.0 </P>
</INTRODUCTION>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-CHAPTER](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LA-BELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-2](#), [TOPIC-2](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2](#)



INTRODUCTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.82 ISSUED-BY

### Beschreibung

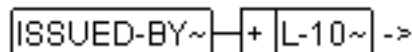
This element contains the name of the person who initiated the document revision. If the initiator cannot be referenced as **<TEAM-MEMBER>** in the current document his name can be given in this element.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



ISSUED-BY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.83 ITEM

### Beschreibung

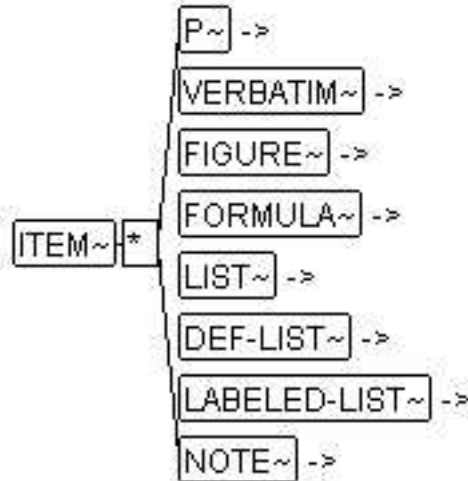
Use **<ITEM>** to create entries in a **<LIST>**.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [LIST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABLED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#)



ITEM.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.84 ITEM-LABEL

### Beschreibung

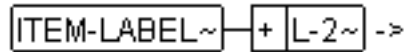
Use <ITEM-LABEL> to enter the label for the parent object.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [Labeled-Item](#), [Syn-Argument](#), [Syn-Object](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)



ITEM-LABEL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.85 L-1

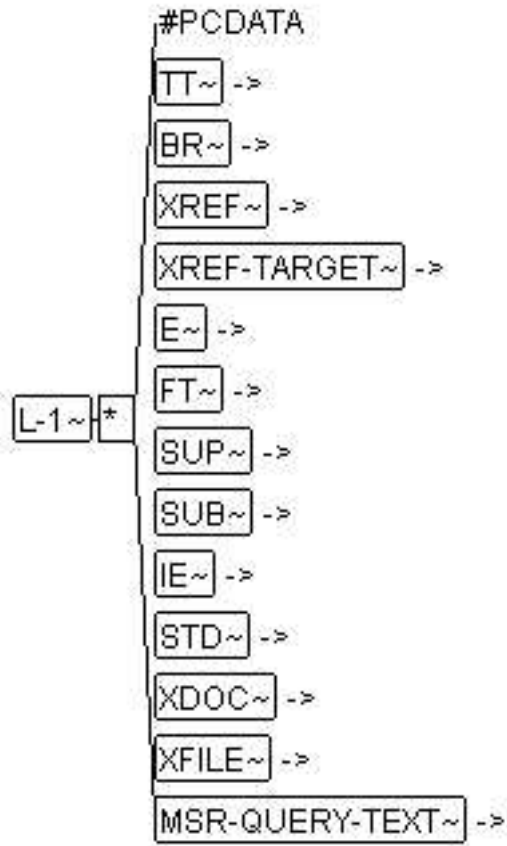
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [Change](#), [Desc](#), [MSR-Query-Result-Text](#), [P](#)

Ist Kontext für: [Text](#), [TT](#), [BR](#), [XREF](#), [XREF-Target](#), [E](#), [FT](#), [SUP](#), [SUB](#),  
[IE](#), [STD](#), [XDOC](#), [XFILE](#), [MSR-Query-Text](#)



L-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.86

### L-10

#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [C-CODE](#), [DATE](#), [DOC-LABEL](#), [GENERIC-MATH](#), [ISSUED-BY](#), [REVISION-LABEL](#), [ROLE](#), [STATE](#), [TEX-MATH](#), [USED-LANGUAGES](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**L-10~**—#PCDATA

L-10.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.87

### L-2

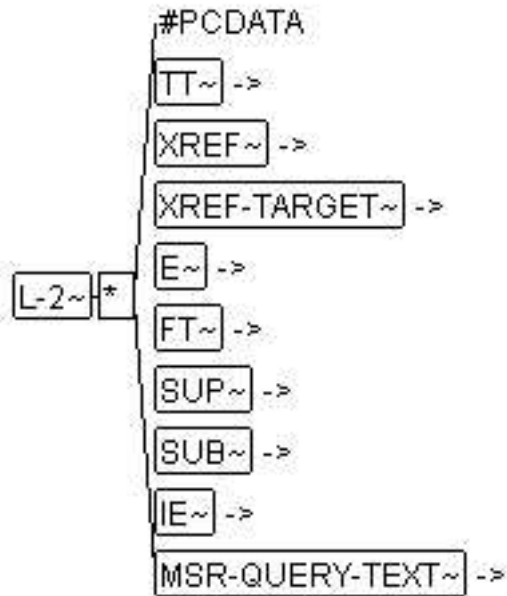
#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [INDENT-SAMPLE](#), [ITEM-LABEL](#), [MAIN-TITLE](#), [OVERALL-TITLE](#), [REASON](#), [SUB-TITLE](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [TT](#), [XREF](#), [XREF-TARGET](#), [E](#), [FT](#), [SUP](#), [SUB](#), [IE](#), [MSR-QUERY-TEXT](#)



L-2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.88

### L-3

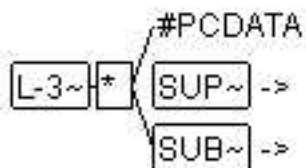
#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEXT](#), [UNIT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [Text](#), [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



L-3.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.89

### L-4

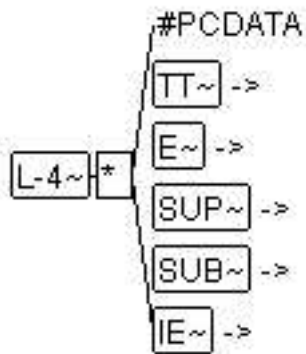
#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [LABEL](#), [LONG-NAME](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [TT](#), [E](#), [SUP](#), [SUB](#), [IE](#)



L-4.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.90

### L-5

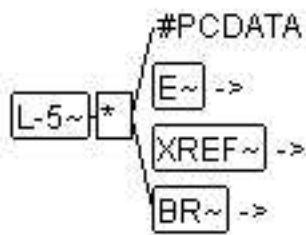
#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [VERBATIM](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [E](#), [XREF](#), [BR](#)



L-5.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[L]</b> (required)	cdata	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.91 L-GRAPHIC

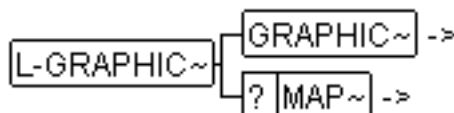
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [GRAPHIC](#), [MAP](#)



L-GRAPHIC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[L] (required)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.92 LABEL

### Beschreibung

<LABEL> is used as a long designator (similar to <LONG-NAME> ) for objects which cannot be referenced. In this case it is the name of the corresponding project.

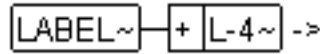
### Beispiel

Refer to [Chapter 2.128 NOTE p. 135](#) for an example, where <LABEL> is the name of the corresponding project.

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MATCHING-DCI](#), [NOTE](#), [PRMS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-4](#)



LABEL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.93

### LABELED-ITEM

#### Beschreibung

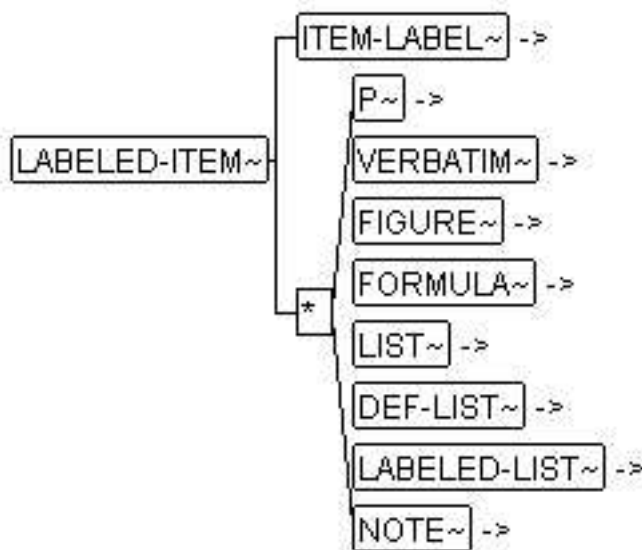
Use <LABELED-ITEM> to create an entry in a labeled list. The list can be nested by creating a new <LABELED-LIST> within the <LABELED-ITEM> .

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [LABELED-LIST](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ITEM-LABEL](#), [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#),  
[DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#)



LABELED-ITEM.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.94 LABELED-LIST

### Beschreibung

Use <LABELED-LIST> to create a list with labels that can be nested.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [INDENT-SAMPLE](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#)



LABELED-LIST.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS] (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.95 LANGUAGE

### Beschreibung

<LANGUAGE> represents the human language used within the file. Its primary use is to prompt the tools to switch to an appropriate language.

This element is in accordance with the ISO 639-1 two letter language codes ( *Codes for the Representation of Names of Languages* (<http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/langcodes.html>) ). The most frequently used codes are given in [Table 1 Most common language codes \(alphabetical\)](#) p. 105 :

Table 1: Most common language codes (alphabetical)

Code	Language
de	German
en	English
es	Spanish
fr	French
it	Italian
jp	Japanese

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADMIN-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

LANGUAGE~ — #PCDATA

LANGUAGE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.96 LIST

### Beschreibung

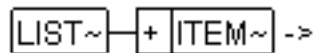
Use <LIST> , to create a numbered or unnumbered list. The list can be nested by adding a new list inside the <ITEM> element.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ITEM](#)



LIST.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[TYPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>UNNUMBER</b></li> <li>• NUMBER</li> </ul>	UNNUMBER - enumeration without numbering NUMBER - numbered enumeration
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• KEEP</li> <li>• NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.97

## LOCS

### Beschreibung

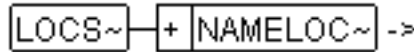
Use <LOCS> to generate references to external documents.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [NAMELOC](#)



LOCS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.98

### LONG-NAME

#### Beschreibung

Use <LONG-NAME> to create a comprehensive name for the context element.

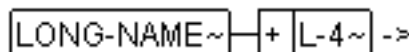
#### Beispiel

```
<LONG-NAME>Variable 1 that keeps the cabin preassure</LONG-NAME>
```

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-CHAPTER](#), [CHG-OBJECT](#), [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#),  
[CHG-REQUEST](#), [COMPANY](#), [DEF-ITEM](#), [FIGURE-CAPTION](#),  
[FORMULA-CAPTION](#), [NAMELOC](#), [PRM](#), [SDG-CAPTION](#),  
[SYN-CAPTION](#), [TABLE-CAPTION](#), [TEAM-MEMBER](#), [TOPIC-1](#),  
[TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-4](#)



LONG-NAME.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.99 LONG-NAME-1

### Beschreibung

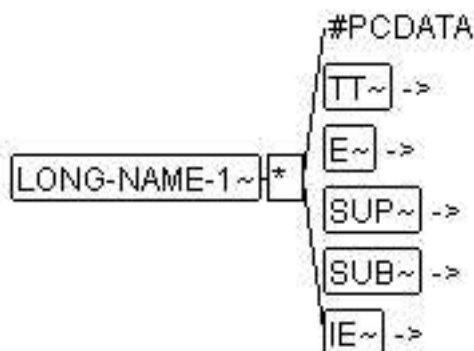
Use <LONG-NAME-1> to create a comprehensive name for the context element

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [STD](#), [XDOC](#), [XFILE](#), [XREF-TARGET](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [TT](#), [E](#), [SUP](#), [SUB](#), [IE](#)



LONG-NAME-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.100 MAIN-TITLE

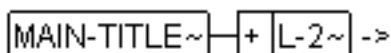
### Beschreibung

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-SUBJECT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)



MAIN-TITLE.PING

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.101

## MAP

### Beschreibung

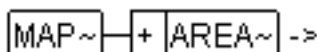
Image maps enable authors to specify regions of an image or object and assign a specific action to each region (e.g., retrieve a document, run a program, etc.) When the region is activated by the user, the action is executed.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [L-GRAPHIC](#)

Ist Kontext für: [AREA](#)



MAPPING

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[CLASS] (implied)	cdata	Blank separated list of classes
[ID] (implied)	id	Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[NAME]</b> (implied)	nmtoken	This attribute assigns a name to the image map in the MAP element. This name can be used to be referenced in an HTML image through the attribute USEMAP. Although this is not actually necessary in the MSR model, it was inserted in order to support the MAPs which were created for HTML.
<b>[ONCLICK]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONCLICK-Event occurs, if the current element is clicked-on. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONDBLCLICK]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONDBLCLICK-Event occurs, if the current Event is clicked-on. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONKEYDOWN]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONKEYDOWN-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is pressed down. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONKEYPRESS]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONKEYPRESS-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is pressed down and released. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONKEYUP]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONKEYUP-Event occurs, if a button on the current element is released. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEDOWN]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONMOUSEDOWN-Event occurs, if the mouse button used for clicking is held down on the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEMOVE]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONMOUSEMOVE-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved on the current element (i.e. it is located on the current element). A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[ONMOUSEOUT]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONMOUSEOUT-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved from the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEOVER]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONMOUSEOVER-Event occurs, if the mouse pointer is moved to the current element from another location outside it. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[ONMOUSEUP]</b> (implied)	cdata	The ONMOUSEUP-Event occurs if the mouse button used for clicking is released on the current element. A script can be stored in this attribute to be performed in the Event.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[STYLE]</b> (implied)	cdata	Information on the associated style
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[TITLE]</b> (implied)	cdata	Title information of the <MAP>-element
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.102 MATCHING-DCI

### Beschreibung

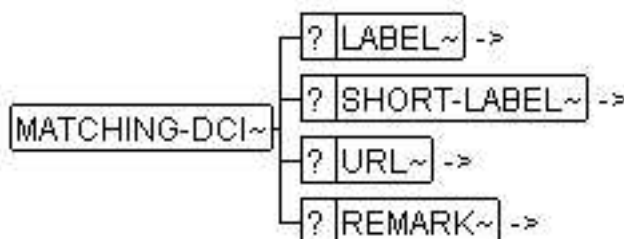
<MATCHING-DCI> represents a reference to a *DCI* instance (Document Content Information) to which the current file should match. The official identification of the DCI is denoted by <URL> which points to the DCI file. The other elements are given to provide information.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MATCHING-DCIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LABEL](#), [SHORT-LABEL](#), [URL](#), [REMARK](#)



MATCHING-DCI.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.103 MATCHING-DCIS

### Beschreibung

<MATCHING-DCIS> represents all Document Content Information specifications to which the current file should comply. As there may be multiple DCI instances, the current file should match all of them. Nevertheless, the check is only requested according to the case currently in use.

Especially in the case of the CDF, a *CDF processor* is obliged to check if the CDF-DCI is mentioned in <MATCHING-DCIS> .

### Beispiel

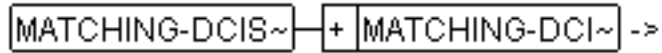
In the following example, the current file would match *CDF* as well as *PACO* which would support more of the features in *MSRSW.DTD* .

```
<MATCHING-DCIS>
  <MATCHING-DCI>
    <LABEL>Parameter Contents File</LABEL>
    <SHORT-LABEL>PACO2.0</SHORT-LABEL>
    <URL>http://www.msr-wg.de/dcis/paco.dci.xml</URL>
  </MATCHING-DCI>
  <MATCHING-DCI>
    <LABEL>Calibration Data File Specification</LABEL>
    <SHORT-LABEL>CDF</SHORT-LABEL>
    <URL>http://www.asam.net/dcis/cdf.dci.xml</URL>
  </MATCHING-DCI>
</MATCHING-DCIS>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MATCHING-DCI](#)



MATCHING-DCIS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.104 MAX

### Beschreibung

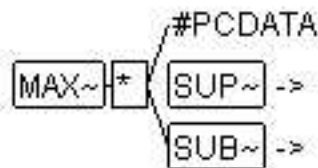
Use <MAX> to enter the maximum values of a parameter in a table of parameters.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



MAX.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.105 MIN

### Beschreibung

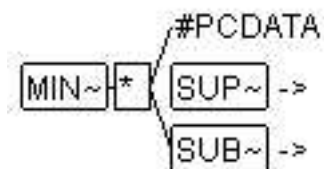
Use <MIN> to enter the minimum values of a parameter in a table of parameters.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



MIN.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.106 MODIFICATION

### Beschreibung

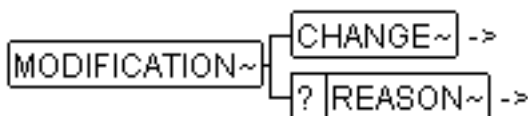
Use <MODIFICATION> to record what has changed in a document in comparison to its predecessor.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MODIFICATIONS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHANGE](#), [REASON](#)



MODIFICATION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[TYPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>CONTENT-RELATED</b></li> <li>DOC-RELATED</li> </ul>	DOC-RELATED - document-specific changes have necessitated a new document version. CONTENT-RELATED - product-specific changes have necessitated a new document version.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.107 MODIFICATIONS

### Beschreibung

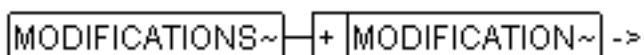
<MODIFICATIONS> contains the changes in a document in comparison to its predecessor.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MODIFICATION](#)



MODIFICATIONS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.108 MSR-PROCESSING-LOG

### Beschreibung

This element is a placeholder in which tools responsible for the automatic processing of the instance can store processing execution information (log information). It is advisable to create an individual chapter ( **<CHAPTER>** ) for every process executed. The most recent chapter should come first (sorting according to date).

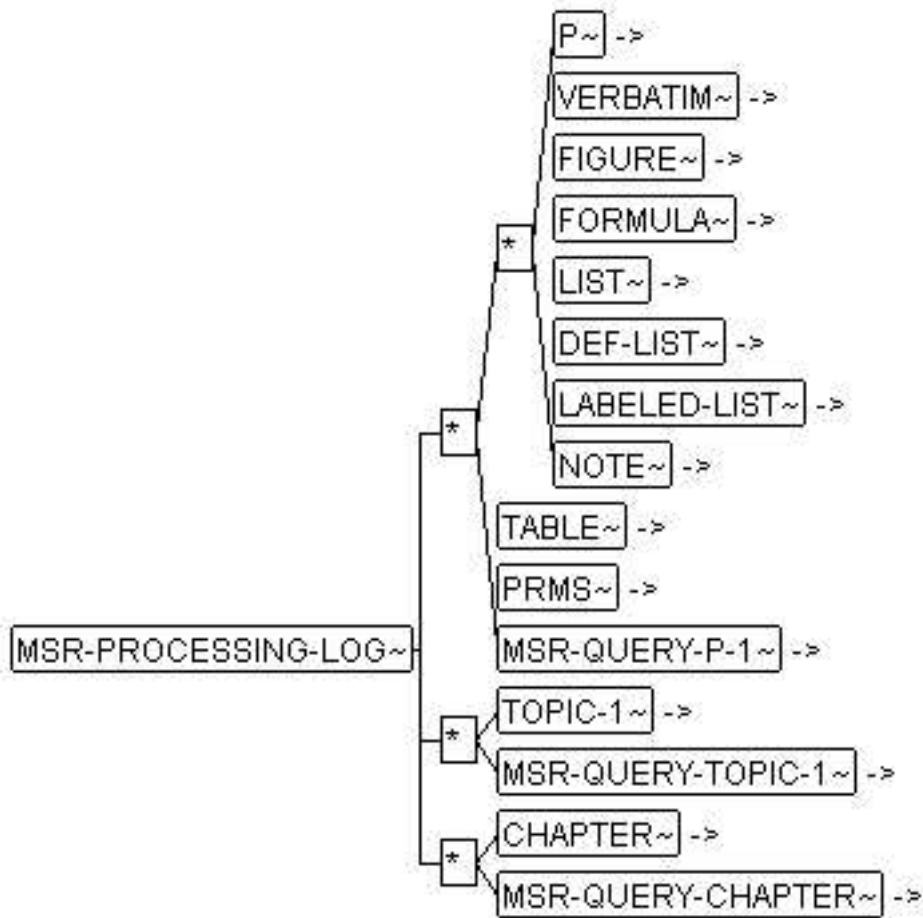
### Beispiel

```
<MSR-PROCESSING-LOG>
  <CHAPTER>
    <LONG-NAME>MSR-Query 2.10.2001</LONG-NAME>
    <SHORT-NAME>msrquery.2001.10.02-1</SHORT-NAME>
    <VERBATIM>MSR-Query processor Version 0.99 run at 2.10.2001 reading file
      c:\examples\myexample.sgm warning: duplicate ID found ("hugo") error: query
      "replacechapters" not implemented 20 queries processed 1 warning 1
      error
    </VERBATIM>
  </CHAPTER>
  <CHAPTER>
    <LONG-NAME>MSR-Query 1.10.2001</LONG-NAME>
    <SHORT-NAME>msrquery.2001.10.01-1</SHORT-NAME>
    <VERBATIM>MSR-Query processor Version 0.99 run at 1.10.2001 reading file
      c:\examples\myexample.sgm warning: duplicate ID found ("hugo") error: query
      "replacechapters" not implemented 20 queries processed 1 warning 1
      error
    </VERBATIM>
  </CHAPTER>
</MSR-PROCESSING-LOG>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#), [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.109 MSR-QUERY-ARG

### Beschreibung

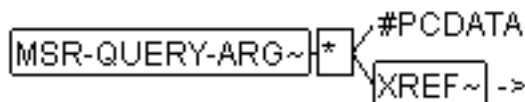
This element specifies an argument within a so-called *MSR-QUERY* which is named in the sister element **<MSR-QUERY-NAME>** .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [XREF](#)



MSR-QUERY-ARG.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.110 MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER

### Beschreibung

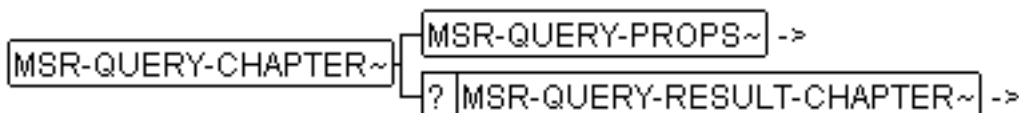
This element contains a chapter generated through an external query or a chapter generated in an external program (in **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-CHAPTER>**), as well as the data necessary to enable a conclusion to be drawn as to the origins of a chapter (in **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>** ).

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [REPORT-BODY](#), [REPORT-HEAD](#),  
[REPORT-REAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-CHAPTER](#)



MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.111 MSR-QUERY-NAME

### Beschreibung

This element specifies the name of the *MSR-QUERY* triggered.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**MSR-QUERY-NAME~**—#PCDATA

MSR-QUERY-NAME.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.112 MSR-QUERY-P-1

### Beschreibung

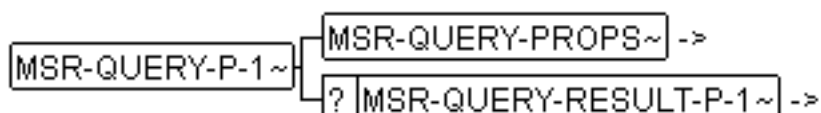
This element contains the arguments **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>**. In addition, it may also contain result elements in text form, embedded in **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1>**, which correspond to a *MSR-QUERY*, generated either by an external program or an external query, for the purpose of integrating the element into an MSRSW instance.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTES](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [TOPIC-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#)



MSR-QUERY-P-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.113 MSR-QUERY-P-2

### Beschreibung

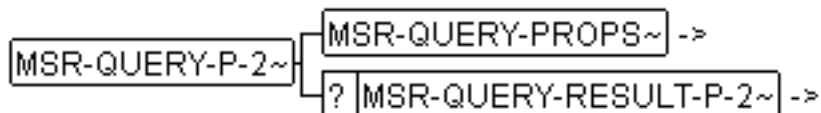
This element contains the arguments **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>**. In addition, it may also contain result elements in text form, embedded in **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2>**, which correspond to a *MSR-QUERY*, generated either by an external program or an external query, for the purpose of integrating the element into an MSRSW instance.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#)



MSR-QUERY-P-2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.114 MSR-QUERY-PROPS

### Beschreibung

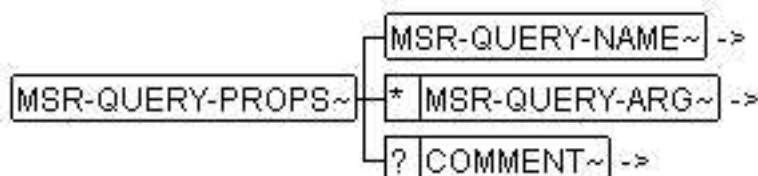
This element specifies the characteristics and arguments of a *MSR-QUERY*, that is, the name `<MSR-QUERY-NAME>`, the arguments `<MSR-QUERY-ARG>` and if required, the comment `<COMMENT>`.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-2](#), [MSR-QUERY-TEXT](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-NAME](#), [MSR-QUERY-ARG](#), [COMMENT](#)



MSR-QUERY-PROPS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.115 MSR-QUERY-RESULT-CHAPTER

### Beschreibung

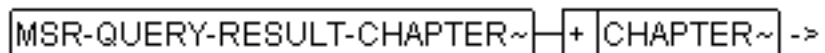
This element contains the result chapter of a *MSR-QUERY*, which was generated by an external program or an external query, so that it could be integrated into an MSRSW instance.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHAPTER](#)



MSR-QUERY-RESULT-CHAPTER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.116 MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1

### Beschreibung

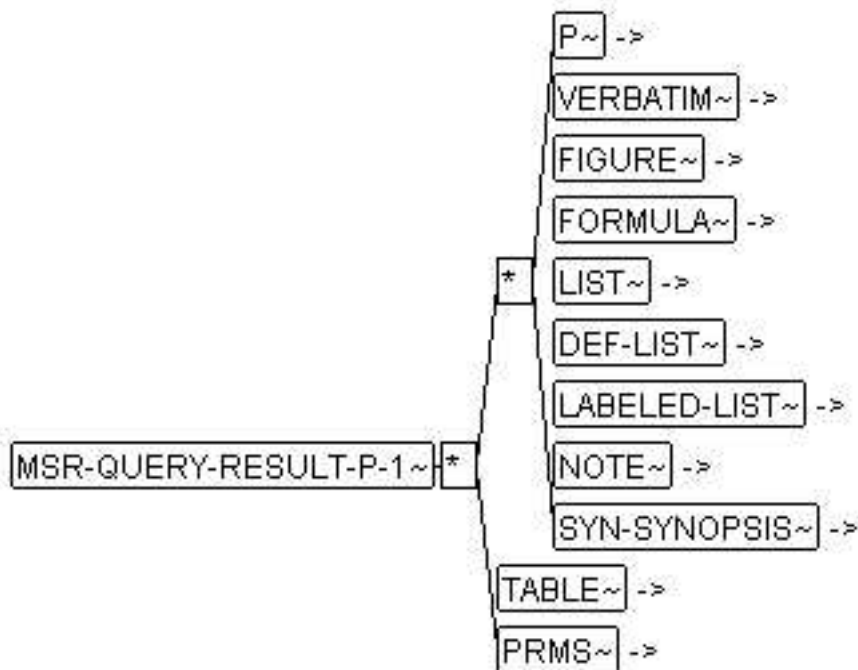
This element contains the result element of a *MSR-QUERY* in text form, which was generated by an external program or an external query, so that it could be integrated into an MSR<sub>SW</sub> instance. Unlike **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2>**, **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1>** may still contain **<PRMS>** elements.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABLED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#)



MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.117 MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2

### Beschreibung

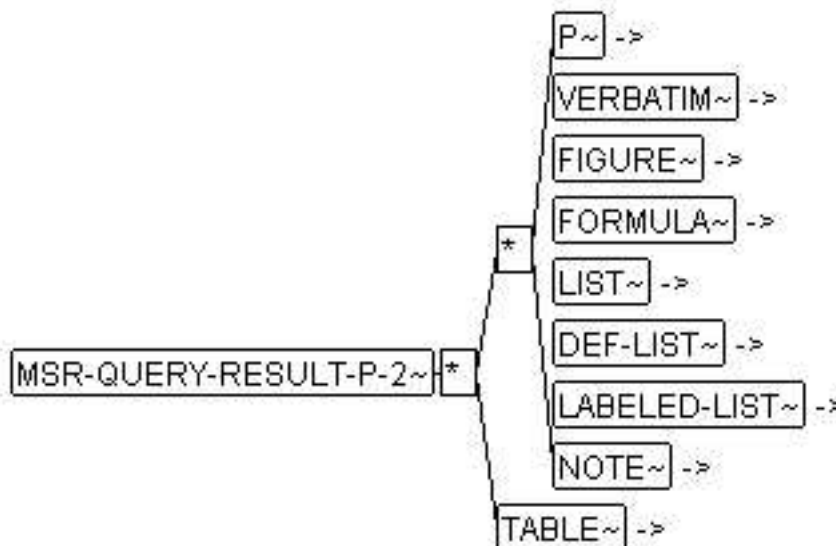
This element contains the result element of a *MSR-QUERY* in text form, which was generated by an external program or an external query, so that it could be integrated into an MSRSW instance. Unlike `<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1>`, `<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2>` may contain no `<PRMS>` elements.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-P-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#)



MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.118 MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TEXT

### Beschreibung

This element contains the textual description within **<MSR-QUERY-TEXT>**, generated by a *MSR-QUERY*, which encompasses no further sub-paragraphs.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-TEXT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-1](#)



MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TEXT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.119 MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-1

### Beschreibung

This element contains the result of a **<TOPIC-1>** element generated from an external *MSR-QUERY*.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [TOPIC-1](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.120

### MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-2

#### Beschreibung

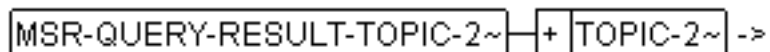
This element contains the result of a <TOPIC-2> element generated from an external *MSR-QUERY*.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [TOPIC-2](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.121 MSR-QUERY-TEXT

### Beschreibung

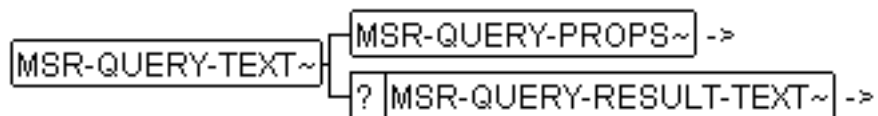
This element contains a *MSR-QUERY* specified more accurately in the subelement **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>**, as well as the textual description generated as a result of it within the subelement **<MSR-QUERY-TEXT>**, which contains no further subparagraphs.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TEXT](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.122 MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1

### Beschreibung

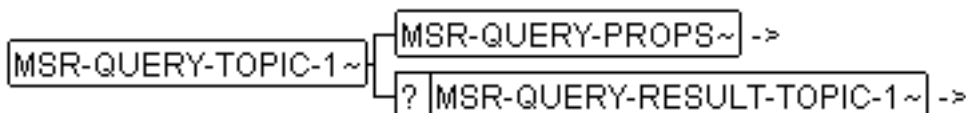
This element contains a generated TOPIC-1 element with a result in **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-1>**. This is from an external *MSR-QUERY* which is defined more accurately in **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>**.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTES](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-1](#)



MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.123 MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2

### Beschreibung

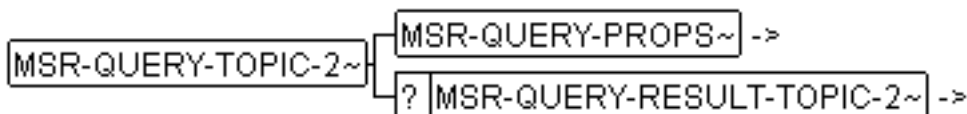
This element contains a generated TOPIC-2 element with a result in **<MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-2>**. This is from an external *MSR-QUERY* which is defined more accurately in **<MSR-QUERY-PROPS>** .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [INTRODUCTION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [MSR-QUERY-PROPS](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-2](#)



MSR-QUERY-TOPIC-2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.124 MSRREP

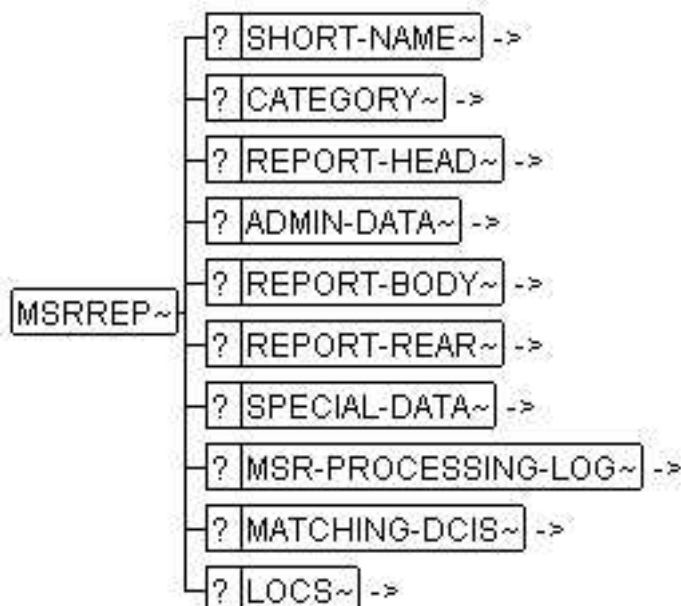
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: Root

Ist Kontext für: [SHORT-NAME](#), [CATEGORY](#), [REPORT-HEAD](#), [ADMIN-DATA](#), [RE-PORT-BODY](#), [REPORT-REAR](#), [SPECIAL-DATA](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MATCHING-DCIS](#), [LOCS](#)



MSRREP.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[PUBID]</b> (default)	cdata	-//MSR//DTD MSR REPORT DTD:V2.2.2:XML:ML:MSRREP.DTD//EN	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-BUILD]</b> (fixed)	cdata	1005	
<b>[F-NAMESPACE]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	CHAPTER CHG- OBJECT CHG- OBJECT-REVISION CHG-REQUEST COMPANY DEF-ITEM EXTERNAL FIGURE FORMULA PRM SDG STD SYNOPSIS TA- BLE TEAM-MEMBER TOPIC XDOC XFILE XREF-TARGET	
<b>[F-PUBID]</b> (fixed)	cdata	-//MSR//DTD MSR REPORT DTD:V2.2.2:XML:ML:MSRREP.DTD//EN	

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	HYDOC	

## 2.125 NAMELOC

### Beschreibung

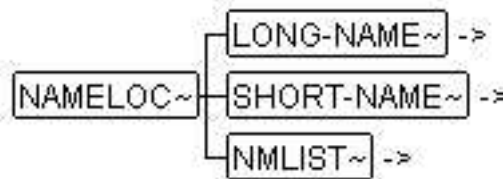
Use <**NAMELOC**> to identify the external document of a cross-reference spanning more than one document, that is to be referenced.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [LOCS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [NMLIST](#)



NAMELOC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[EXT-ID-CLASS]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		External ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and external link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an external object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	EXTERNAL	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g. <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	NAMELOC	HYTIME is the standard attribute used to define a HYTIME architectural form. This functionality is defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). This enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.

## 2.126 NMLIST

### Beschreibung

Use `<NMLIST>` to enter the name of an entity or element, to be referenced in an external document.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [NAMELOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`NMLIST~` — #PCDATA

NMLIST.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[NAMETYPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ENTITY</li> <li><b>ELEMENT</b></li> </ul>	ENTITY - reference to an entity in an external document. ELEMENT - reference to an element in an external document.
<b>[DOCORSUB]</b> (implied)	entity		SGML/XML document or sub-document, the prologue of which declares entities or elements that occur in NMLIST. Refer to <b>[FUNCTION-REF]</b> for an example.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[HYTIME] (fixed)	nmtoken	NMLIST	HYTIME is the standard attribute use to define a HYTIME architectural form. This functionality is defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). It enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.

## 2.127 NOTATION

### Beschreibung

This element indicates the data format of the external file in which the superordinated XFILE is located. The identifier itself must be arranged amongst the project participants. The contents of **<NOTATION>** are treated in a similar way to an SGML notation format.

Possible values are for example:

Notation	Meaning
EPS	Encapsulated Postscript
PDF	Portable Document Format
CDF2.0	CDF2.0 Parameter Contents File in MSRSW3.0 structure
...	...

### Beispiel

```
<P>Please refer to
    <XFILE>
      <LONG-NAME-1>Parameter Contents file</LONG-NAME-1>
      <SHORT-NAME>0711cdf20</SHORT-NAME>
      <URL>../cdfs/0711cdf20.xml</URL>
      <NOTATION>CDF20</NOTATION>
      <TOOL>DDCL</TOOL>
      <TOOL-VERSION>1.3</TOOL-VERSION>
    </XFILE>
</P>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [XFILE](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**NOTATION~** — #PCDATA

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.128 NOTE

### Beschreibung

Use **<NOTE>** to highlight particular safety or usage notes.

### Beispiel

```
<NOTE NOTE-TYPE="CAUTION">
  <LABEL>Layout of <TT TYPE="SGMLTAG">NOTE</TT></LABEL>
  <P>Layout of <TT TYPE="SGMLTAG">NOTE</TT> may vary on
  the type according to the value of the attribute <TT TYPE="SGML-ATTRIBUTE">NOTE-TYPE</TT>
  and the target display or print system.</P>
</NOTE>
```

The code example above is formatted in the following way:

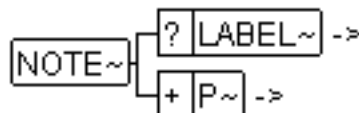
### Caution: Layout of <NOTE>

Layout of **<NOTE>** may vary on the type according to the value of the attribute **[NOTE-TYPE]** and the target display or print system.

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#),  
[MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LABEL](#), [P](#)



NOTE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[NOTE-TYPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CAUTION</li> <li><b>HINT</b></li> <li>TIP</li> <li>INSTRUCTION</li> <li>EXERCISE</li> <li>OTHER</li> </ul>	CAUTION - dangers involving instruments and personnel during operation. HINT - special operation features TIP - measures to improve efficiency INSTRUCTION - important instructions EXERCISE - practical examples OTHER - additional notes
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[USER-DEFINED-TYPE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Allows user-specific notes to be introduced.
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.129

## NUMBER

### Beschreibung

Use <**NUMBER**> to enter the version number of an external document that is referenced.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [XDOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**NUMBER~** — #PCDATA

NUMBER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.130

### OVERALL-TITLE

#### Beschreibung

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-SUBJECT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)

**OVERALL-TITLE~** + **L-2~** ->

OVERALL-TITLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.131

### P

#### Beschreibung

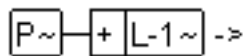
Use <P> to create a paragraph for continuous texts.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [COND](#), [DEF](#), [ENTRY](#), [INTRODUCTION](#),  
[ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#),  
[MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#), [NOTE](#), [REMARK](#), [SYN-FORMAT](#),  
[SYN-INCLUDE](#), [SYN-OBJECT](#), [SYN-SEE-ALSO](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-1](#)



PPNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.132 PHONE

### Beschreibung

Use <PHONE> to enter the telephone number of a project participant.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

PHONE~ — #PCDATA

PHONE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.133 POSITION

### Beschreibung

Use <POSITION> to enter references to the relevant positions of a standard.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [STD](#), [XDOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**POSITION~** - #PCDATA

POSITION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.134

### PRM

#### Beschreibung

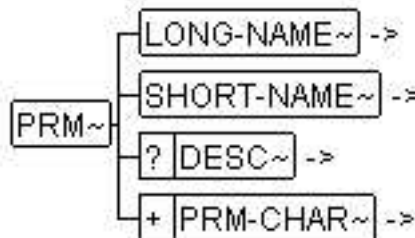
Use <**PRM**> to create a parameter table

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRMS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DESC](#), [PRM-CHAR](#)



PRM.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		
[F-ID-CLASS] (fixed)	nmtoken	PRM	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.

## 2.135 PRM-CHAR

### Beschreibung

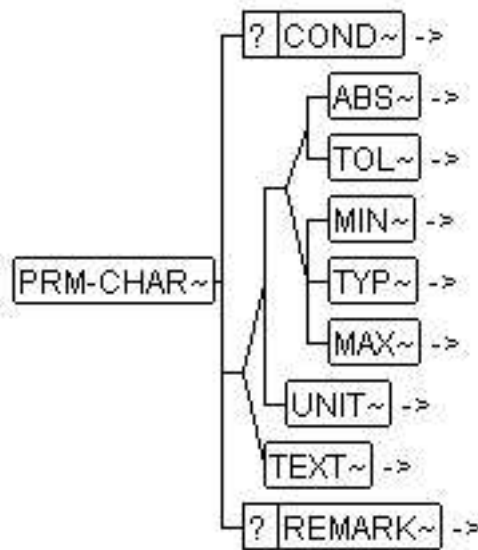
Use <PRM-CHAR> to generate parameter values.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COND](#), [ABS](#), [TOL](#), [MIN](#), [TYP](#), [MAX](#), [UNIT](#), [TEXT](#), [REMARK](#)



PRM-CHAR.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.136 PRMS

### Beschreibung

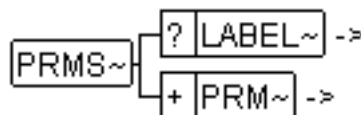
Use <PRMS> to create a parameter table for a number of parameters.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTES](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LABEL](#), [PRM](#)



PRMS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.137 PUBLISHER

### Beschreibung

Use <**PUBLISHER**> to enter the publisher of an external document that is being referenced.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [XDOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**PUBLISHER~**—#PCDATA

PUBLISHER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.138 REASON

### Beschreibung

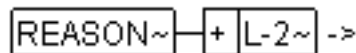
Use <REASON> to cite the reason for changes to the document version.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MODIFICATION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)



REASON.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.139 REMARK

### Beschreibung

<REMARK> is used for comments e.g. on the specific calibration state. There are two options:

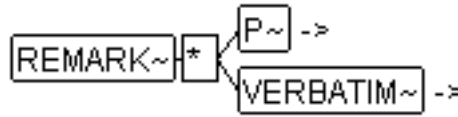
- Use <P> to enable the processing systems to perform a word wrapping.
- Use <VERBATIM> if a white-space is significant.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MATCHING-DCI](#), [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#)



REMARK.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.140 REPORT-BODY

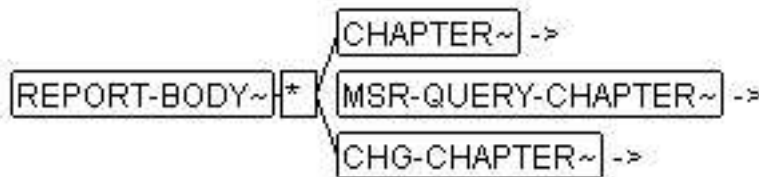
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#), [CHG-CHAPTER](#)



REPORT-BODY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.141 REPORT-HEAD

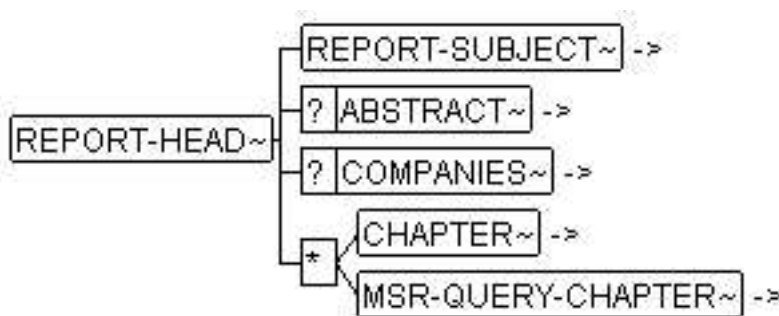
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [REPORT-SUBJECT](#), [ABSTRACT](#), [COMPANIES](#), [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#)



REPORT-HEAD.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.142 REPORT-REAR

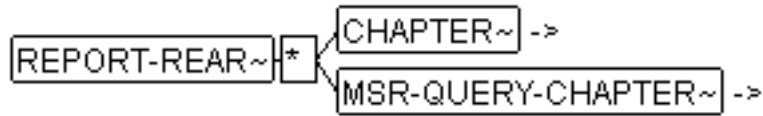
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-CHAPTER](#)



REPORT-REAR.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.143 REPORT-SUBJECT

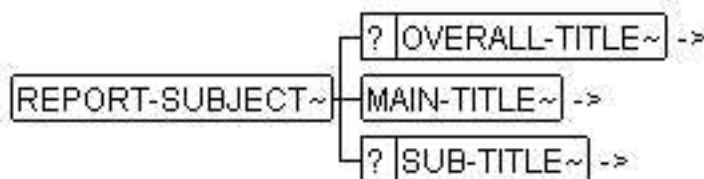
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-HEAD](#)

Ist Kontext für: [OVERALL-TITLE](#), [MAIN-TITLE](#), [SUB-TITLE](#)



REPORT-SUBJECT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.144 REVISION-LABEL

### Beschreibung

Use **<REVISION-LABEL>**, to enter the version number of the document, or the document section to which administrative is applied.. The syntax is free and refers to the configuration management plan respectively the version management tool being used.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



REVISION-LABEL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.145 REVISION-LABEL-P1

### Beschreibung

Use **<REVISION-LABEL-P1>**, to enter the version number of the **first predecessor** of the document, or the document section to which administrative is applied.. The syntax is free and refers to the configuration management plan respectively the version management tool being used. This element is used, if the document or document section is the result of a merge process in which two branches are merged in to one new revision.

### Beispiel

```
<REVISION-LABEL>1.4</REVISION-LABEL>
  <REVISION-LABEL-P1>1.2.1.3</REVISION-LABEL-P1>
  <REVISION-LABEL-P2>1.3.1.4</REVISION-LABEL-P2>
```

This example shows a scenario where the **current** revision **1.4** is produced by merging **1.3.1.4** into **1.2.1.3**

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**REVISION-LABEL-P1**~—#PCDATA

REVISION-LABEL-P1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.146 REVISION-LABEL-P2

### Beschreibung

Use **<REVISION-LABEL-P1>**, to enter the version number of the **second predecessor** of the document, or the document section to which administrative is applied.. The syntax is free and refers to the configuration management plan respectively the version management tool being used. This element is used, if the document or document section is the result of a merge process in which two branches are merged in to one new revision.

### Beispiel

```
<REVISION-LABEL>1.4</REVISION-LABEL>
  <REVISION-LABEL-P1>1.2.1.3</REVISION-LABEL-P1>
  <REVISION-LABEL-P2>1.3.1.4</REVISION-LABEL-P2>
```

This example shows a scenario where **current** revision **1.4** is produced by merging **1.3.1.4** into **1.2.1.3**

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**REVISION-LABEL-P2**~—#PCDATA

REVISION-LABEL-P2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.147 ROLE

### Beschreibung

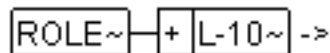
<ROLE> denotes one particular role adopted by the team member within the current project. Roles include "Author", "Calibration engineer", "Supporter", "Quality assurance".

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ROLES](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



ROLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.148 ROLES

### Beschreibung

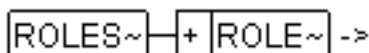
<ROLES> is a wrapper containing all the roles attributed to one particular team member involved in the project.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY](#), [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ROLE](#)



ROLES.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-CHILD-TYPE]</b> (fixed)	cdata	ROLE:SELECTION	Fixed Child Type. Warning: This attribute is included in the DTD for compatibility with older versions and should not be used for any new implementations. It may be removed in future versions of the DTD. The attribute contains information stating which child elements of the element carrying this attribute, should be checked by a semantic checker.

## 2.149 ROW

### Beschreibung

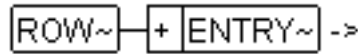
Use **<ROW>** , to create a row in a table.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TBODY](#), [TFOOT](#), [THEAD](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ENTRY](#)



ROW.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TOP</li> <li>• BOTTOM</li> <li>• MIDDLE</li> </ul>	TOP - The contents of the row is aligned to the upper edge of the cell. BOTTOM - The contents of the row is aligned to the lower edge of the cell. MIDDLE - The contents of the row is centered to the vertical.
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the row guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.150 SD

### Beschreibung

This element is a "Special Data" element. By using this element it is possible to extend the dtd with a "new" element tag.

### Beispiel

If the element:

```
<BIG-NUMBER>1000</BIG-NUMBER>
```

is required but doesn't exist in the dtd it can be created with a **<SD>** element. It would then look like this:

```
<SD GID="BIG-NUMBER">1000</SD>
```

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SDG](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**SD~** #PCDATA

SD.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[GID]</b> (required)	cdata	Identification name of the new element
<b>[ID-CLASS]</b> (implied)	nmtoken	
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref	
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.151

## SDG

### Beschreibung

SDG ( *Special Data Group* ) is a backdoor used to handle elements that has not yet been defined in a DTD. The `<SDG>` is a container for one or several `<SD>` that defines new elements and carries the information. Special Data should only be used moderately since all elements should be defined in the dtd. Thereby should SDG be considered as a temporary solution when elements are missing. If a `<SDG-CAPTION>` element is created along with a `<SHORT-NAME>` it is possible to reference the `<SDG>` structure via a `<XREF>`.

### Beispiel

If the element structure:

```
<MY-NUMBERS>
  <BIG-NUMBER>1000</BIG-NUMBER>
  <SMALL-NUMBER>1</SMALL-NUMBER>
</MY-NUMBERS>
```

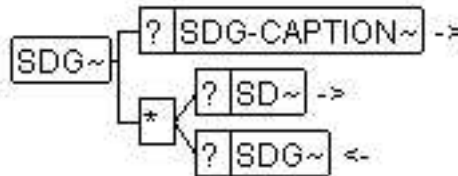
is required but doesn't exist in the dtd it can be created with a `<SDG>` and some `<SD>` elements. It would then look like this:

```
<SDG GID="MY-NUMBERS">
  <SD GID="BIG-NUMBER">1000</SD>
  <SD GID="SMALL-NUMBER">1</SD>
</SDG>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SDG](#), [SDGS](#), [SPECIAL-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SDG-CAPTION](#), [SD](#), [SDG](#)



SDG.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[GID]</b> (required)	cdata	Identification name of the element group
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.152 SDG-CAPTION

### Beschreibung

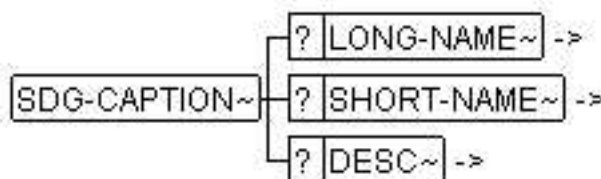
This enables a **<SHORT-NAME>** to be assigned to **[ID]** and enables a **<LONG-NAME>** to be assigned to a special data group **<SDG>** .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SDG](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DESC](#)



SDG-CAPTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	SDG	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.153 SDGS

### Beschreibung

This is a container for one or several **<SDG>** (Special Data Group) elements.

Special data groups (SDGs) are a standard extension mechanism for harmonized objects; they are used to store data for that no other element exists of the data model in a structured way. It could be considered as a "well formed island" which allows to carry specific data even if the DTD itself does not explicitly supports it. this prevents a process designer or a user to entirely switch to another technology if information must be transferred which is not explicitly supported.

### Beispiel

Examples for the usage of SDGs within harmonized objects are the company specific documentation in COMPANY DOC INFO. This document defines the structure of SDGs but not their content.

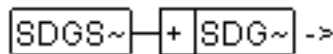
The following example is taken from *ASAM MCD 2 Harmonized Data Objects, Version 1.0-RC2*

```
<SDGS>
  <SDG>
    <SDG-CAPTION ID="SDGC_ValidPL" TI="G">
      <SHORT-NAME>ValidPL</SHORT-NAME>
      <LONG-NAME>Validity production line</LONG-NAME>
      <DESC>establishes the relation between ECU and production line</DESC>
    </SDG-CAPTION>
    <SD SI="prodline">E46-M3</SD>
    <SD SI="prodline">E39-M3</SD>
    <SD SI="prodline">E39-M5</SD>
  </SDG>
  <SDG>
    <SDG-CAPTION ID="SDGC_DiagInd" TI="D">
      <SHORT-NAME>DiagInd</SHORT-NAME>
      <LONG-NAME>Diagnosisindex</LONG-NAME>
    </SDG-CAPTION>
    <SD>0.7</SD>
  </SDG>
</SDGS>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-DOC-INFO](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SDG](#)



SDGS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.154 SHORT-LABEL

### Beschreibung

This element specifies a short name for the context element. This label cannot be referenced in the same way as a **<SHORT-NAME>** in connection with MSRSW (queries, external applications etc.).

### Beispiel

See [MATCHING-DCIS Chapter 2.103 MATCHING-DCIS p. 112](#) [Chapter 2.103 MATCHING-DCIS p. 112](#) .

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MATCHING-DCI](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**SHORT-LABEL~**—#PCDATA

SHORT-LABEL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.155 SHORT-NAME

### Beschreibung

Use **<SHORT-NAME>** to generate a short name for the context element, which enables it to be **referenced** .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-CHAPTER](#), [CHG-OBJECT](#), [CHG-OBJECT-REVISION](#),  
[CHG-REQUEST](#), [COMPANY](#), [DEF-ITEM](#), [FIGURE-CAPTION](#),  
[FORMULA-CAPTION](#), [MSRREP](#), [NAMELOC](#), [PRM](#), [SDG-CAPTION](#),  
[STD](#), [SYN-CAPTION](#), [TABLE-CAPTION](#), [TEAM-MEMBER](#),  
[TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#), [XDOC](#), [XFILE](#), [XREF-TARGET](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**SHORT-NAME~**—#PCDATA

SHORT-NAME.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.156

### SPANSPEC

#### Beschreibung

Use <SPANSPEC> to determine the identification data for a merging of columns.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TGROUP](#)

Hat keinen Inhalt.

`SPANSPEC` empty

SPANSPEC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[NAMEEND] (required)	nmtoken		Identification number of the final column to be merged.
[NAMEST] (required)	nmtoken		Identification number of the first column to be merged.
[SPANNAME] (required)	nmtoken		Identification name for the column merging specified
[ALIGN] (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LEFT</li> <li>• RIGHT</li> <li>• <b>CENTER</b></li> <li>• JUSTIFY</li> <li>• CHAR</li> </ul>	LEFT - The table contents is justified left. RIGHT - The table contents is justified right. CENTER - The table contents is centered horizontally. JUSTIFY - The table contents is displayed with justified typesetting. There is an equal distance from the left and right-hand edges of the cell. CHAR - The alignment of the table contents is set by [CHAR] .

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[CHAR]</b> (implied)	cdata		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this specifies the alignment sign e.g. "bzlw", as a decimal point separator from an existing value of <b>[CHAR]</b> . The sign cannot be a SDATA entity.
<b>[CHAROFF]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this value indicates the percentage of the current column width to the left edge of the alignment sign in the <b>[CHAR]</b> -attribute. If there is no alignment sign in the element <b>&lt;ENTRY&gt;</b> , alignment is always horizontal right. The default value is taken from the <b>&lt;COLSPEC&gt;</b> element, which is located in the attribute <b>[NAMEST]</b> .
<b>[COLSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no column guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the column guides are to be displayed.
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the row guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.157 SPECIAL-DATA

### Beschreibung

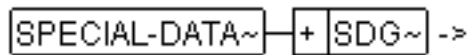
Container element for <SDG> .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MSRREP](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SDG](#)



SPECIAL-DATA.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.158 STATE

### Beschreibung

<STATE> represents the current state of the current file according to the configuration management plan.

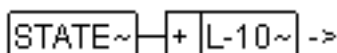
### Beispiel

<STATE>reviewed</STATE>

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY-REVISION-INFO](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



STATE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.159 STATE-1

### Beschreibung

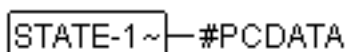
Use <STATE-1> to enter the version and state of a standard or an external document.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [STD](#), [XDOC](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text



STATE-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.160 STD

### Beschreibung

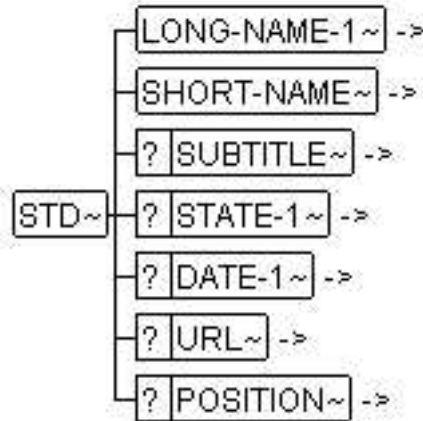
Use <STD> to reference external standards within a paragraph element.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME-1](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [SUBTITLE](#), [STATE-1](#), [DATE-1](#),  
[URL](#), [POSITION](#)



STD.PING

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	STD	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.161 SUB

### Beschreibung

Use `<SUB>` to display sections of text within a paragraph element, in a smaller font beneath the base line.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABS](#), [IE](#), [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-3](#), [L-4](#), [LONG-NAME-1](#), [MAX](#), [MIN](#), [TOL](#), [TYP](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`SUB~` — #PCDATA

SUB.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.162 SUB-TITLE

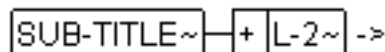
### Beschreibung

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [REPORT-SUBJECT](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-2](#)



SUB-TITLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.163 SUBTITLE

### Beschreibung

Use `<SUBTITLE>` to enter a sub-heading of an external standard.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [STD](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**SUBTITLE~**—#PCDATA

SUBTITLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.164

## SUP

### Beschreibung

Use **<SUP>** to display sections of text within a paragraph element, in a smaller font above the base line.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABS](#), [IE](#), [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-3](#), [L-4](#), [LONG-NAME-1](#), [MAX](#), [MIN](#),  
[TOL](#), [TYP](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**SUP~**—#PCDATA

SUPPING

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.165 SYN-ARGUMENT

### Beschreibung

This element describes one particular Argument within the current object synopsis. The name of the argument goes into **<ITEM-LABEL>**. The short description goes in to **<DESC>**. The detailed description goes into **<ADD-INFO-5>**.

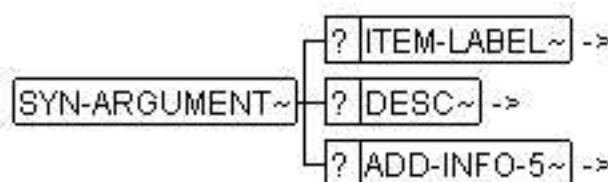
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-ARGUMENTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ITEM-LABEL](#), [DESC](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#)



SYN-ARGUMENT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.166 SYN-ARGUMENTS

### Beschreibung

This element takes all arguments of the objects described in the synopsis.

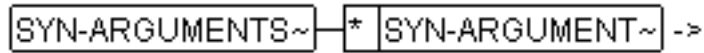
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SYN-ARGUMENT](#)



SYN-ARGUMENTS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.167 SYN-CAPTION

### Beschreibung

This serves to specify the caption of a particular synopsis similar to <TABLE-CAPTION>.

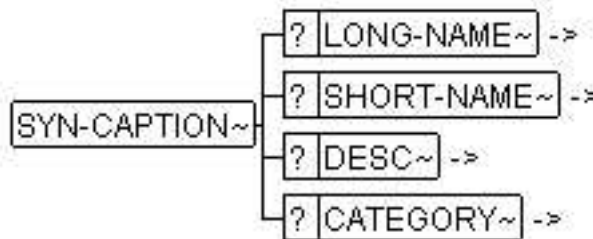
### Beispiel

[Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [DESC](#), [CATEGORY](#)



SYN-CAPTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ID] (implied)	id		
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		
[F-ID-CLASS] (fixed)	nmtoken	SYNOPSIS	
[F-NAMESPACE] (fixed)	nmtoken	SYNOPSIS	

## 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE

### Beschreibung

This element is used to give an example how to use the object the **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** is given for.

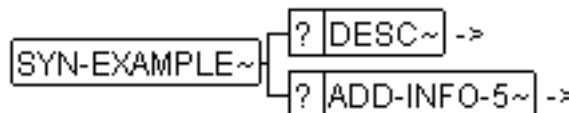
### Beispiel

[Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DESC](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#)



SYN-EXAMPLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.169 SYN-FORMAT

### Beschreibung

This element specifies the format how the object for which the **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** is given. Note that the target name of the target-format ist described in the **<P>**.

### Beispiel

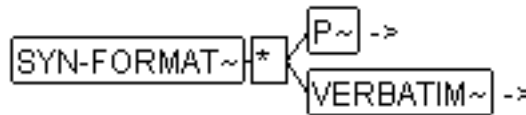
see [Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

```
<SYN-FORMAT>
  <P>usage in C++</P>
  <VERBATIM>
    x=mmx.execute("--S myfile.xml");
  </VERBATIM>
  <P>usage in Visual Basic</P>
  <VERBATIM>
    let x=mmx.execute("--S myfile.xml");
  </VERBATIM>
</SYN-FORMAT>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-FORMATS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#), [VERBATIM](#)



SYN-FORMAT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.170 SYN-FORMATS

### Beschreibung

This element is a container for all the possible formats in which the object described in **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** can be used.

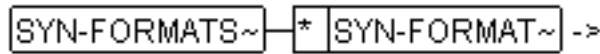
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.168 SYN-EXAMPLE](#) p. 169

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SYN-FORMAT](#)



SYN-FORMATS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.171 SYN-INCLUDE

### Beschreibung

This element denotes the required inclusions required by the objects for which a **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** is given.

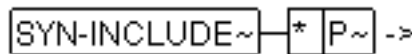
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.171 p. 171](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#)



SYN-INCLUDE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.172 SYN-OBJECT

### Beschreibung

This element is used to denote an object which is described in the current synopsis. The name of the object is given as **<ITEM-LABEL>**. The **<P>** are used to give a short definition of the main purpose of the object.

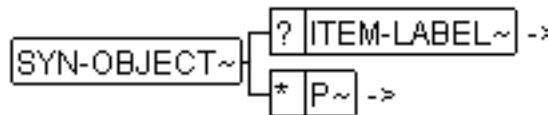
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.177 p. 175](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-OBJECTS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ITEM-LABEL](#), [P](#)



SYN-OBJECT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.173 SYN-OBJECTS

### Beschreibung

This element serves as a container to keep all **<SYN-OBJECT>**s in the Synopsis.

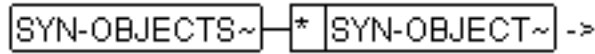
### Beispiel

[Chapter 2.177 p. 175](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SYN-OBJECT](#)



SYN-OBJECTS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.174 SYN-RETURN-VALUE

### Beschreibung

This element describes the return value of the object for which the synopsis is given. **<DESC>** takes a short description used for overviews. **<ADD-INFO-5>** is used to give a full blown specification.

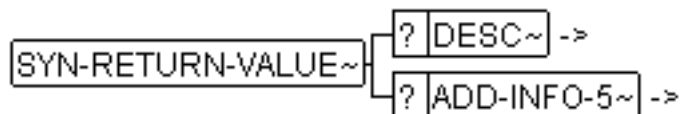
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.177 p. 175](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DESC](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#)



SYN-RETURN-VALUE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.175 SYN-SEE-ALSO

### Beschreibung

This element is used to to give references to similar objects and additional reference material.

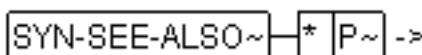
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.177 p. 175](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [P](#)



SYN-SEE-ALSO.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.176 SYN-SEMANTICS

### Beschreibung

This element is used to specify the particular semantics of the objects for which a synopsis is given. **<DESC>** takes an quick description intended for overview tables. **<ADD-INFO-5>** takes a full blown specification.

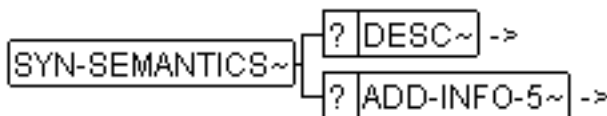
### Beispiel

see [Chapter 2.177 p. 175](#)

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [DESC](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.177 SYN-SYNOPSIS

### Beschreibung

This element serves as a semiformal description of the Synopsis of an application programming interface. This is mainly intended to be used for generating a programmer's reference manual in *MSRREP*. Although there is some overlap with **<SW-SERVICE>** in the *MSRSW*-Context, this Element can be useful to specify a required API. Therefore **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** is located in free text elements on a paragraph level. **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** is made such that it can be rendered similar to a **<LABELED-LIST>**. In this sense, **<SYN-SYNOPSIS>** can be considered as a specific form of a **<LABELED-LST>**.

### Beispiel

This example shows the source code of a routine called forceerror which takes three arguments.

```

<SYN-SYNOPSIS>
<SYN-CAPTION ID="SYN.PROCEDURE.FORCEERROR">
<LONG-NAME>forceerror</LONG-NAME>
</SYN-CAPTION>
<SYN-OBJECTS>

<SYN-OBJECT>
<ITEM-LABEL>forceerror
<IE>procedure;forceerror</IE>

<IE>forceerror</IE>
</ITEM-LABEL>

<P>force an error</P>
</SYN-OBJECT>
</SYN-OBJECTS>
<SYN-FORMATS>

<SYN-FORMAT>

<P>
<E TYPE="ITALIC">subject</E>.forceerror(
<E TYPE="ITALIC">type</E>,
<E TYPE="ITALIC">code</E>,
<E TYPE="ITALIC">node</E>?)
</P>
</SYN-FORMAT>
</SYN-FORMATS>
<SYN-ARGUMENTS>
  
```

```

<SYN-ARGUMENT>
  <ITEM-LABEL>subject</ITEM-LABEL>

  <DESC>string</DESC>
</SYN-ARGUMENT>

<SYN-ARGUMENT>
  <ITEM-LABEL>type</ITEM-LABEL>

  <DESC>single string</DESC>
</SYN-ARGUMENT>

<SYN-ARGUMENT>
  <ITEM-LABEL>code</ITEM-LABEL>

  <DESC>single string</DESC>
</SYN-ARGUMENT>

<SYN-ARGUMENT>
  <ITEM-LABEL>node</ITEM-LABEL>

  <DESC>tree node</DESC>
</SYN-ARGUMENT>
</SYN-ARGUMENTS>

<SYN-RETURN-VALUE>

  <DESC>>null</DESC>
<ADD-INFO-5/>
</SYN-RETURN-VALUE>
<SYN-SEMANTICS>

  <DESC>forces a warning/error... to be issued;

  <E TYPE="PLAIN" FONT="MONO" COLOR="blue">subject</E> (which must evaluate to a
    string) is used as the message text;
  <E TYPE="PLAIN" FONT="MONO" COLOR="blue">type</E> may be any string, e.g., "warning",
    "error" etc.,
  <E TYPE="PLAIN" FONT="MONO" COLOR="blue">code</E> is
    used as the warning/error/... code, e.g., "illegal input" etc.;
  <E TYPE="PLAIN" FONT="MONO" COLOR="blue">node</E> the object to which the error
    node will be linked (the current target node if nothing is speci

</DESC>

<ADD-INFO-5/>
</SYN-SEMANTICS>
<SYN-EXAMPLE>
  <ADD-INFO-5>

  <VERBATIM>: i "Wrong.\n".forceerror("INFO","ILLEGAL INPUT");</VERBATIM>

  <P>returns the following output on stderr:</P>

  <VERBATIM>FORCED-INFO (ILLEGAL INPUT):
Wrong.
null
:</VERBATIM>

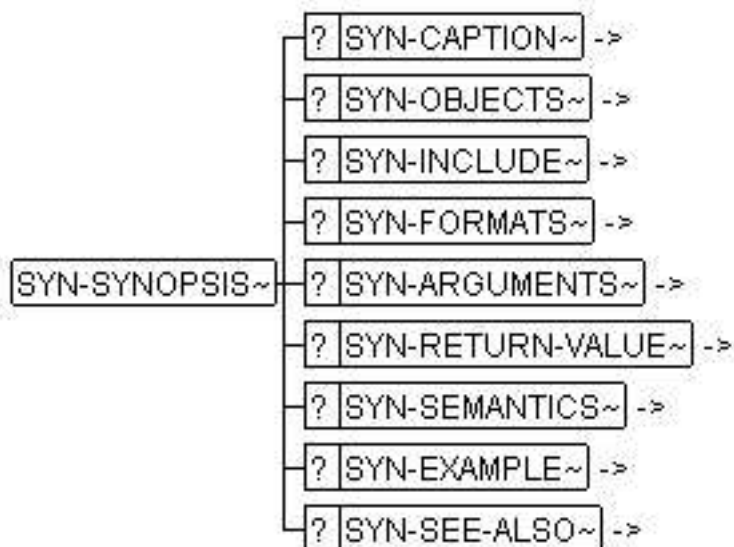
  </ADD-INFO-5>
</SYN-EXAMPLE>
</SYN-SYNOPSIS>

```

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [TOPIC-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [SYN-CAPTION](#), [SYN-OBJECTS](#), [SYN-INCLUDE](#), [SYN-FORMATS](#),  
[SYN-ARGUMENTS](#), [SYN-RETURN-VALUE](#), [SYN-SEMANTICS](#),  
[SYN-EXAMPLE](#), [SYN-SEE-ALSO](#)



SYN-SYNOPSIS.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.178 TABLE

### Beschreibung

Use <TABLE> to create a table.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#),  
[CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#),  
[CHG-SUBJECT](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#),  
[MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#), [TOPIC-1](#),  
[TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [TABLE-CAPTION](#), [TGROUP](#)

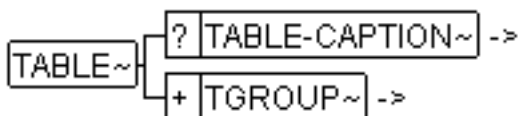


TABLE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[TOCENTRY]</b> (default)	nmtoken	1	0 - no table heading <LONG-NAME> entered into the table directory. 0 - table heading <LONG-NAME> entered into the table directory.
<b>[COLSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no column guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the column guides are to be displayed.
<b>[FLOAT]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FLOAT</li> <li>NO-FLOAT</li> </ul>	Permits a check, in the case of a <TABLE> that cannot be broken up, to determine whether the <TABLE> can be shifted elsewhere, so that the page can be used to a greater advantage (compare to flat at TeX).
<b>[FRAME]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TOP</li> <li>BOTTOM</li> <li>TOPBOT</li> <li>ALL</li> <li>SIDES</li> <li>NONE</li> </ul>	TOP - graphic limit at upper edge of table. BOTTOM - graphic limit at lower edge of table. TOPBOT - graphic limit at upper and lower edge of table. ALL - graphic limit of all table edges. SIDES - graphic limit of side edges of table NONE - no graphic limits in table

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• KEEP</li> <li>• NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[ORIENT]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PORT</li> <li>• LAND</li> </ul>	PORT - table contents is parallel to the paragraph elements. LAND - table contents is at orthogonal to the paragraph elements.
<b>[PGWIDE]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		0 - table width is the sum of the widths specified for the columns. 1 - table width corresponds to page width.
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the row guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[SHORTENTRY]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		0 - a < <b>SHORT-NAME</b> > is not taken over into the table directory 0 - table directory is assigned a < <b>SHORT-NAME</b> > .
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[TABSTYLE]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Identification of an external table style
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.179 TABLE-CAPTION

### Beschreibung

This element specifies the table heading.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TABLE](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#)

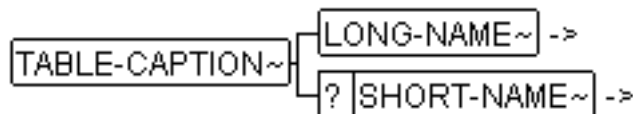


TABLE-CAPTION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	TABLE	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.180

### TBODY

#### Beschreibung

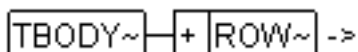
Use `<TBODY>` to generate all of the rows in a table.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TGROUPE](#)

Ist Kontext für: [ROW](#)



TBODY.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TOP</b></li> <li>• MIDDLE</li> <li>• BOTTOM</li> </ul>	TOP - The contents of the table is aligned to the upper edge of the cell. BOTTOM - The contents of the table is aligned to the lower edge of the cell. MIDDLE - The contents of the table is centered to the vertical.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.181 TEAM-MEMBER

### Beschreibung

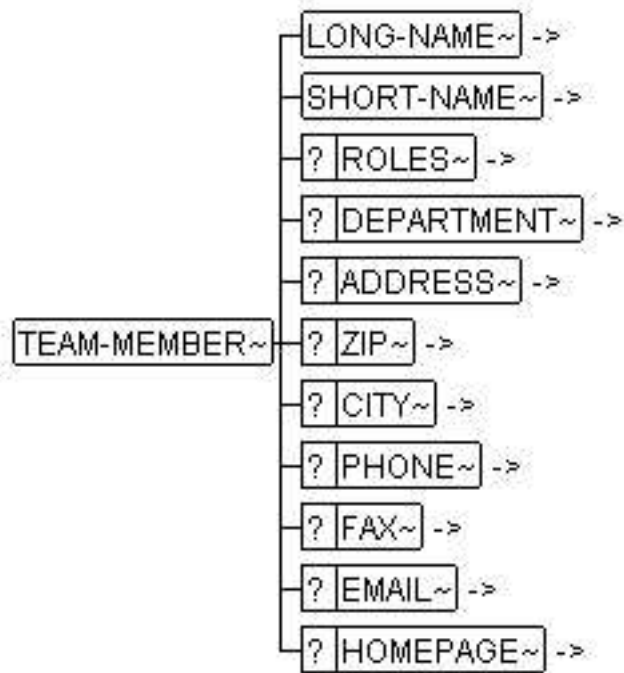
Use <**TEAM-MEMBER**> to enter data on a project participant from a specific company.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBERS](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [ROLES](#), [DEPARTMENT](#), [ADDRESS](#),  
[ZIP](#), [CITY](#), [PHONE](#), [FAX](#), [EMAIL](#), [HOMEPAGE](#)



TEAM-MEMBER.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	TEAM-MEMBER	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.182 TEAM-MEMBER-REF

### Beschreibung

`<TEAM-MEMBER-REF>` is the pointer to one particular team member. The content is the `<SHORT-NAME>` of the corresponding `<TEAM-MEMBER>` .

### Beispiel

For an example, see [Chapter 2.5 ADMIN-DATA p. 14 ADMIN-DATA](#) [Chapter 2.5 ADMIN-DATA p. 14](#) .

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHG-RESPONSIBLE](#), [COMPANY-DOC-INFO](#), [DOC-REVISION](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`TEAM-MEMBER-REF~|#PCDATA`

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref		Reference to an element made unambiguous through an ID attribute value within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	TEAM-MEMBER	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g. <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HYNAMES]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	LINKEND ID-REF	HYNAMES is a mapping functionality defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). The names of the locator attributes (e.g. ID-REF), used to address the target of a hyperlink, can be mapped to names defined in the HYTIME standard, LINKEND. This enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CLINK	HYTIME is the standard attribute used to define a HYTIME architectural form. This functionality is defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). It enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.

## 2.183 TEAM-MEMBERS

### Beschreibung

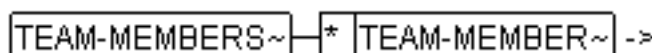
Use <TEAM-MEMBERS> to enter data on all project participants from a specific company.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [COMPANY](#)

Ist Kontext für: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)



Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.184 TEX-MATH

### Beschreibung

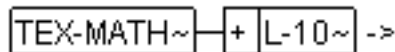
Use <TEX-MATH> to insert a TeX formula. A TeX formula can be processed by a TeX or a LaTeX processor.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FORMULA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



TEX-MATH.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.185 TEXT

### Beschreibung

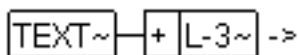
Use <TEXT> to enter descriptive text into the cell of a parameter table.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-3](#)



TEXT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.186

## TFOOT

### Beschreibung

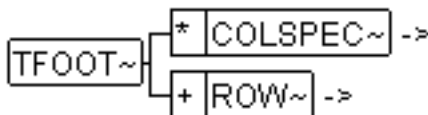
Use <TFOOT> to create a footnote for a table.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TGROUPE](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COLSPEC](#), [ROW](#)



TFOOT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TOP</li> <li>• MIDDLE</li> <li>• BOTTOM</li> </ul>	TOP - The contents of the table is aligned to the upper edge of the cell. BOTTOM - The contents of the table is aligned to the lower edge of the cell. MIDDLE - The contents of the table is centered to the vertical.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.187 TGROUP

### Beschreibung

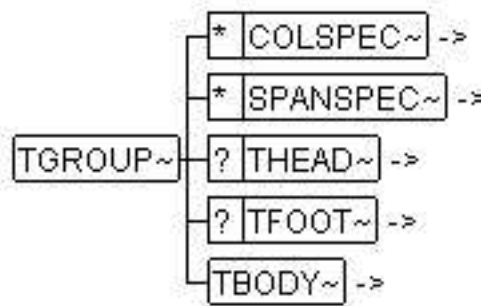
Use <**TGROUP**> to create a table group within a table.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TABLE](#)

Ist Kontext für: [COLSPEC](#), [SPANSPEC](#), [THEAD](#), [TFOOT](#), [TBODY](#)



TGROUP.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[COLS]</b> (required)	nmtoken		Enter the number of columns in the table group.
<b>[ALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LEFT</b></li> <li>• <b>RIGHT</b></li> <li>• <b>CENTER</b></li> <li>• <b>JUSTIFY</b></li> <li>• <b>CHAR</b></li> </ul>	<p><b>LEFT</b> - The table contents is justified left.</p> <p><b>RIGHT</b> - The table contents is justified right.</p> <p><b>CENTER</b> - The table contents is centered horizontally.</p> <p><b>JUSTIFY</b> - The table contents is displayed with justified typesetting. There is an equal distance from the left and right-hand edges of the cell.</p> <p><b>CHAR</b> - The alignment of the table contents is set by <b>[CHAR]</b> .</p>
<b>[CHAR]</b> (default)	cdata		If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this specifies the alignment sign e.g. "bzlw", as a decimal point separator from an existing value of <b>[CHAR]</b> . The sign cannot be a SDATA entity.
<b>[CHAROFF]</b> (default)	nmtoken	50	If <b>[ALIGN]</b> ="CHAR", this value indicates the percentage of the current column width to the left edge of the alignment sign in the <b>[CHAR]</b> -attribute. If there is no alignment sign in the element <b>&lt;ENTRY&gt;</b> , alignment is always horizontal right.
<b>[COLSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the column guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no column guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the column guides are to be displayed.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ROWSEP]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		At this point, you should determine whether the row guides of a cell are to be visible. You should enter <b>0</b> , if no row guides are to be displayed. You should enter <b>1</b> , if the row guides are to be displayed.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[TGROUPSTYLE]</b> (implied)	nmtoken		Identification of an external table group style
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.188

### THEAD

#### Beschreibung

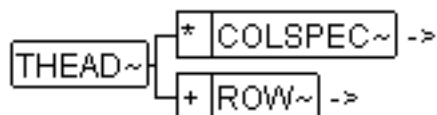
Use **<THEAD>** to create a heading for a table.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TGROU](#)P

Ist Kontext für: [COLSPEC](#), [ROW](#)



THEAD.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VALIGN]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TOP</li> <li>• MIDDLE</li> <li>• <b>BOTTOM</b></li> </ul>	TOP - The contents of the table is aligned to the upper edge of the cell. BOTTOM - The contents of the table is aligned to the lower edge of the cell. MIDDLE - The contents of the table is centered to the vertical.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.189 TOL

### Beschreibung

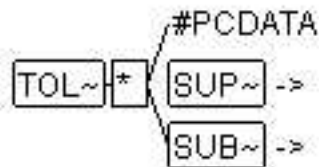
Use <TOL> to enter the tolerance values of a parameter.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



TOL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.190 TOOL

### Beschreibung

This element describes the tool which was used to generate the corresponding **<XFILE>** .

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [XFILE](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**TOOL~** — #PCDATA

TOOL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.191 TOOL-VERSION

### Beschreibung

This element describes the tool version which was used to generate the corresponding **<XFILE>** .

### Beispiel

```
<XFILE ID="DC17723163279664">
  <LONG-NAME-1>Praesentation</LONG-NAME-1>
  <NOTATION>PowerPoint</NOTATION>
  <TOOL>Microsoft PowerPoint</TOOL>
  <TOOL-VERSION>2000</TOOL-VERSION>
</XFILE>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [XFILE](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**TOOL-VERSION~**—#PCDATA

TOOL-VERSION.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.192

### TOPIC-1

#### Beschreibung

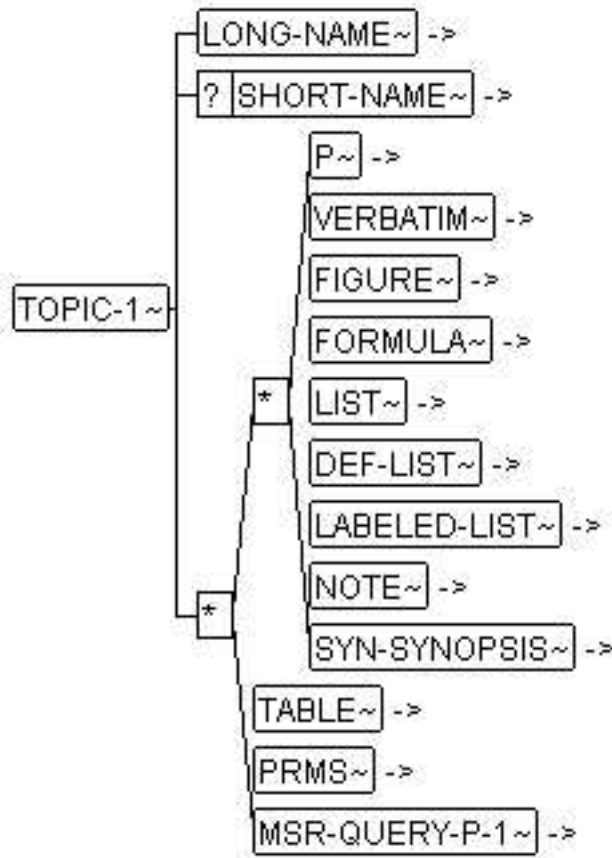
Use <TOPIC-1> to generate a closed sense unit within a documentation.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTES](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [SYN-SYNOPSIS](#), [TABLE](#), [PRMS](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-1](#)



TOPIC-1.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	TOPIC	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.193

## TOPIC-2

### Beschreibung

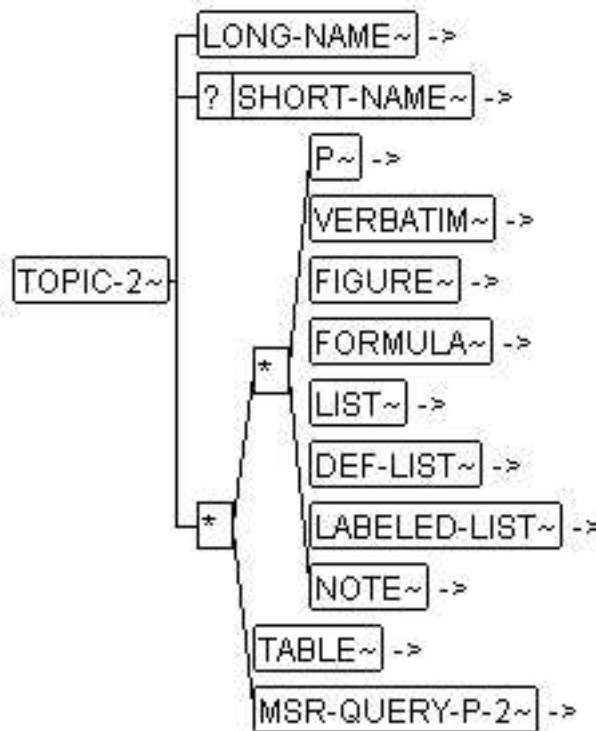
Use `<TOPIC-2>` to generate a closed sense unit within a documentation.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [P](#), [VERBATIM](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [LIST](#), [DEF-LIST](#), [LABELED-LIST](#), [NOTE](#), [TABLE](#), [MSR-QUERY-P-2](#)



TOPIC-2.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	TOPIC	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.194

## TT

### Beschreibung

Use `<TT>` to format technical terms within the paragraph element.

## Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [FT](#), [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-4](#), [LONG-NAME-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

TT~—#PCDATA

TT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[TYPE]</b> (required)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SGMLTAG</li> <li>• SGML-ATTRIBUTE</li> <li>• TOOL</li> <li>• PRODUCT</li> <li>• VARIABLE</li> <li>• STATE</li> <li>• PRM</li> <li>• MATERIAL</li> <li>• CONTROL-ELEMENT</li> <li>• CODE</li> <li>• ORGANISATION</li> <li>• OTHER</li> </ul>	Indicates a type of the respective element.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[USER-DEFINED-TYPE]</b> (implied)	cdata		Allows user-specific TTs to be introduced.
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		

## 2.195

## TYP

### Beschreibung

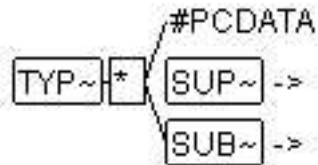
Use <TYP> to enter the typical values of a parameter.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text, [SUP](#), [SUB](#)



TYP.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	

## 2.196

### UNIT

#### Beschreibung

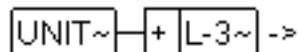
Use <UNIT> to enter the unit of a parameter.

#### Beispiel

#### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [PRM-CHAR](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-3](#)



UNIT.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.197 URL

### Beschreibung

This element specifies the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) of the context contained in the **<URL>** element.

### Beispiel

See [Chapter 2.103 MATCHING-DCIS](#) p. 112 [MATCHING-DCI](#) [Chapter 2.102 MATCHING-DCI](#) p. 111 .

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [MATCHING-DCI](#), [STD](#), [XDOC](#), [XFILE](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**URL**~#PCDATA

URL.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[MIME-TYPE] (implied)	cdata	
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.198 USED-LANGUAGES

### Beschreibung

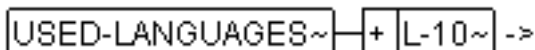
Use **<USED-LANGUAGES>** to enter all other languages, in addition to the document language, which are used an a document or a section of a document.

### Beispiel

## Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ADMIN-DATA](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-10](#)



USED-LANGUAGES.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata	
[SI] (implied)	cdata	
[T] (implied)	cdata	
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata	

## 2.199

## VERBATIM

### Beschreibung

<VERBATIM> is a paragraph in which white-space (in particular blanks and line feeds) is obeyed. This enables basic preformatting to be carried out, which can even be displayed on simple devices. Behavior is the same as PRE in *HTML* .

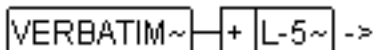
### Beispiel

```
<VERBATIM>
    This is the system to demonstrate, how CDF should work.
    I make it in three lines to demonstrate, how VERBATIM works.
</VERBATIM>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [ABSTRACT](#), [ADD-INFO-5](#), [CHAPTER](#), [CHG-REASON](#), [CHG-RELEASE-NOTE](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-CON](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-PRO](#), [CHG-SOLUTION-SPEC](#), [CHG-SUBJECT](#), [ENTRY](#), [FIGURE](#), [FORMULA](#), [INTRODUCTION](#), [ITEM](#), [LABELED-ITEM](#), [MSR-PROCESSING-LOG](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-1](#), [MSR-QUERY-RESULT-P-2](#), [REMARK](#), [SYN-FORMAT](#), [TOPIC-1](#), [TOPIC-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [L-5](#)



VERBATIM.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ALLOW-BREAK]</b> (default)	nmtoken	1	Checks whether page breaks may be included in a <b>&lt;VERBATIM&gt;</b> . NO-ALLOW-BREAK means that the user is responsible for confining the layout to a page.
<b>[FLOAT]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FLOAT</li> <li>NO-FLOAT</li> </ul>	Permits a check, in the case of a <b>&lt;VERBATIM&gt;</b> that cannot be broken up, to determine whether the <b>&lt;VERBATIM&gt;</b> can be shifted elsewhere, so that the page can be used to a greater advantage (compare to flat at TeX).
<b>[HELP-ENTRY]</b> (implied)	cdata		Enables the help to be called by marking the father element. The syntax has its origins in the help system utilized. This is often used to calculate a widget name hierarchy from a widow system, which is then correlated with the help entries. For example:
<b>[KEEP-WITH-PREVIOUS]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEEP</li> <li>NO-KEEP</li> </ul>	This makes it compulsory for the current element to be formatted on the same page as the previous element, during page formatting (KEEP). If the value is NO-KEEP, the positioning of the element on the next page relates to the position of the previous element.
<b>[PGWIDE]</b> (implied)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PGWIDE</li> <li>NO-PGWIDE</li> </ul>	PGWIDE: enables the contents of the current element to be formatted using the entire width of the page. This for example, is beneficial in the case of code containing more than 80 characters per line.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[S] (implied)	cdata		
[SI] (implied)	cdata		
[T] (implied)	cdata		
[VIEW] (implied)	cdata		

## 2.200 XDOC

### Beschreibung

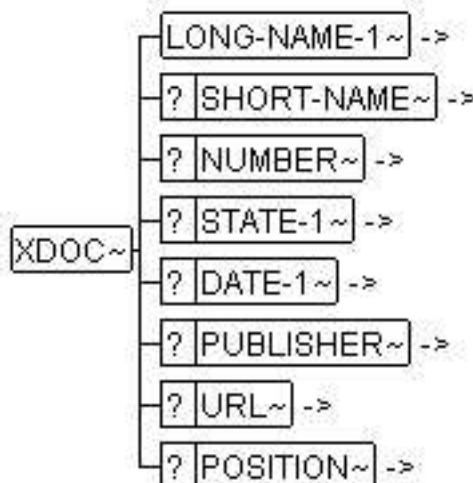
Use <XDOC> , to reference an external document.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME-1](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [NUMBER](#), [STATE-1](#), [DATE-1](#), [PUBLISHER](#), [URL](#), [POSITION](#)



XDOC.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
[ID] (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
[S] (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	XDOC	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.

## 2.201 XFILE

### Beschreibung

Use <XFILE> , to reference an external file.

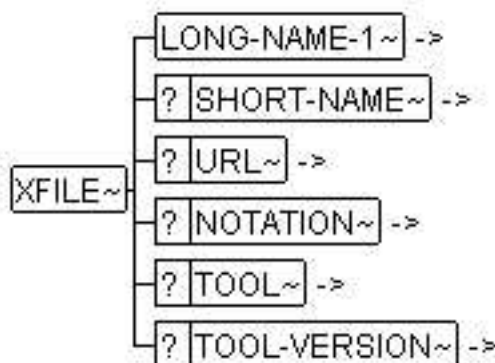
### Beispiel

```
<P>Please refer to
    <XFILE>
      <LONG-NAME-1>Parameter Contents file</LONG-NAME-1>
      <SHORT-NAME>0711paco</SHORT-NAME>
      <URL>../pacos/0711paco.xml</URL>
      <NOTATION>PaCo</NOTATION>
      <TOOL>DDCL</TOOL>
      <TOOL-VERSION>1.3</TOOL-VERSION>
    </XFILE>
</P>
```

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME-1](#), [SHORT-NAME](#), [URL](#), [NOTATION](#), [TOOL](#), [TOOL-VERSION](#)



XFILE.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	XFILE	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.

## 2.202 XREF

### Beschreibung

Use `<XREF>` , to generate cross-references within the document.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-2](#), [L-5](#), [MSR-QUERY-ARG](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

`XREF~` — #PCDATA

XREFPING

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID-CLASS]</b> (required)	nmtoken		ID-CLASS. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;XREF IDREF="ID1" ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/XREF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e.g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .
<b>[SHOW-CONTENT]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SHOW-CONTENT</li> <li><b>NO-SHOW-CONTENT</b></li> </ul>	CONTENT determines whether the contents of an element should be output
<b>[SHOW-RESOURCE-LONG-NAME]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>SHOW-LONG-NAME</b></li> <li>NO-SHOW-LONG-NAME</li> </ul>	Select SHOW-LONG-NAME to display the paragraph label of the reference target.
<b>[SHOW-RESOURCE-NUMBER]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>SHOW-NUMBER</b></li> <li>NO-SHOW-NUMBER</li> </ul>	Select SHOW-NUMBER to display the paragraph number of the reference target.

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[SHOW-RESOURCE-PAGE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SHOW-PAGE</b></li> <li>• NO-SHOW-PAGE</li> </ul>	Select SHOW-LONG-NAME to display the page number of the reference target.
<b>[SHOW-RESOURCE-SHORT-NAME]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SHOW-SHORT-NAME</b></li> <li>• NO-SHOW-SHORT-NAME</li> </ul>	Select SHOW-LONG-NAME to display the abbreviation of the reference target.
<b>[SHOW-RESOURCE-TYPE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SHOW-TYPE</b></li> <li>• NO-SHOW-TYPE</li> </ul>	Select SHOW-TYPE to display the paragraph type of the reference target.
<b>[SHOW-SEE]</b> (default)	namedtokengroup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SHOW-SEE</li> <li>• <b>NO-SHOW-SEE</b></li> </ul>	Determines whether the fixed text "see" should be output.
<b>[EXT-ID-CLASS]</b> (implied)	cdata		External ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and external link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER-REF> can only link to an external object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER">...</TEAM-MEMBER>.
<b>[ID-REF]</b> (implied)	idref		Reference to an element made unambiguous through an ID attribute value within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[HYNAMES]</b> (fixed)	nmtokens	LINKEND ID-REF	HYNAMES is a mapping functionality defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). The names of the locator attributes (e.g. ID-REF), used to address the target of a hyperlink, can be mapped to names defined in the HYTIME standard, LINKEND. This enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.
<b>[HYTIME]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	CLINK	HYTIME is the standard attribute used to define a HYTIME architectural form. This functionality is defined in ISO 10744 HYTIME (Hypermedia/Time-based Structuring Language). It enables the use of a generic architectural form processor for link processing and transition.

## 2.203 XREF-TARGET

### Beschreibung

This element specifies a reference target which can be scattered throughout the text.

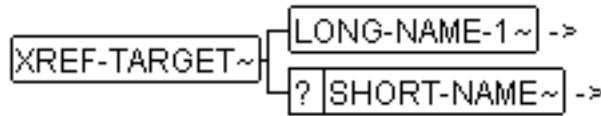
### Beispiel

<P>Dieses Element spezifiziert ein <XREF-TARGET ID="DC92181212673206"><LONG-NAME-1>Verweisziel</LONG-NAME-1></XREF-TARGET> welches in den Text eingestreut werden kann. </P>

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [L-1](#), [L-2](#)

Ist Kontext für: [LONG-NAME-1](#), [SHORT-NAME](#)



XREF-TARGET.PNG

Attribut	Typ	Wertebereich	Anmerkungen
<b>[ID]</b> (implied)	id		Unambiguous identifier of the element within the document.
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata		
<b>[F-ID-CLASS]</b> (fixed)	nmtoken	XREF-TARGET	Fixed ID Class. The value of this attribute classifies links and link targets. This expresses the semantic constraint that a link can only link to an object of the same class. E.g. a link: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER-REF IDREF="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER-REF&gt;</code> can only link to an object which is classified as "TEAM-MEMBER" e. g: <code>&lt;TEAM-MEMBER ID="ID1" F-ID-CLASS="TEAM-MEMBER"&gt;...&lt;/TEAM-MEMBER&gt;</code> .

## 2.204

## ZIP

### Beschreibung

Use `<ZIP>` , to enter the zip code of the company address, of a project participant.

### Beispiel

### Formale Beschreibung

Hat als Kontext: [TEAM-MEMBER](#)

Ist Kontext für: Text

**ZIP~** — #PCDATA

ZIPPING

Attribut	Typ	Anmerkungen
<b>[S]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[SI]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[T]</b> (implied)	cdata	
<b>[VIEW]</b> (implied)	cdata	



## Document Administration

Table : team members

Name	Company	
Herbert Klein	MSR-MEDOC	Department: XI-Works

Table : version overview

Version	Date	Publisher	State
1	2005-06-25	Herbert Klein	WD

Table : modifications

Version	Change	Related to
1	Merge of decriptions from MSRSW V2.3.0 Reason: Inital Version	Content

Table : modifications included

Date	Chapter	Change	Related to
Nr. 1, 2005-06-25	Gesamt	Merge of decriptions from MSRSW V2.3.0 Reason: Inital Version	Content



## References

### Standards

**Designation:** [ISO-8601]: Representation of dates and times [6363](#)

### External Documents

**Designation:** ASAM MCD 2 Harmonized Data Objects, Version 1.0-RC2 [156](#)

**Designation:** Codes for the Representation of Names of Languages [105](#)

**URL:** <http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/langcodes.html>

**Designation:** SRBG [72](#)

**URL:** <http://www.w3.org/Graphics/Color/sRGB>



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